

Texas Department of State Health Services

## **Texas Notifiable Conditions - 2019**

## Report <u>all Confirmed and Suspected cases</u> 24/7 Number for Immediately Reportable – 1-800-705-8868



Unless noted by \*, report to your local or regional health department using number above or find contact information at <a href="http://www.dshs.texas.gov/idcu/investigation/conditions/contacts/">http://www.dshs.texas.gov/idcu/investigation/conditions/contacts/</a>

A – L	When to Report	L – Y	When to Report
*Acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) 1	Within 1 week	Legionellosis <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 week
Amebiasis <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 week	Leishmaniasis <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 week
Amebic meningitis and encephalitis <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 week	Listeriosis <sup>2, 3</sup>	Within 1 week
Anaplasmosis <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 week	Lyme disease <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 week
Anthrax <sup>2, 3</sup>	Call Immediately	Malaria <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 week
Arboviral infections <sup>2, 4, 5</sup>	Within 1 week	Measles (rubeola) <sup>2</sup>	Call Immediately
*Asbestosis <sup>6</sup>	Within 1 week	Meningococcal infection, invasive (Neisseria meningitidis) 2,3	Call Immediately
Ascariasis <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 week	Multidrug-resistant Acinetobacter (MDR-A) 2,7	Within 1 work day
Babesiosis <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 week	Mumps <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 work day
Botulism (adult and infant) <sup>2, 3, 8</sup>	Call Immediately <sup>8</sup>	Paragonimiasis <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 week
Brucellosis <sup>2, 3</sup>	Within 1 work day	Pertussis <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 work day
Campylobacteriosis <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 week	*Pesticide poisoning, acute occupational9	Within 1 week
*Cancer <sup>10</sup>	See rules <sup>10</sup>	Plague (Yersinia pestis) 2, 3	Call Immediately
Carbapenem-resistant Enterobacteriaceae (CRE) 2, 11	Within 1 work day	Poliomyelitis, acute paralytic <sup>2</sup>	Call Immediately
Chagas disease <sup>2, 5</sup>	Within 1 week	Poliovirus infection, non-paralytic <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 work day
*Chancroid 1	Within 1 week	Prion disease such as Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease (CJD) <sup>2, 12</sup>	Within 1 week
*Chickenpox (varicella) <sup>13</sup>	Within 1 week	Q fever <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 work day
*Chlamydia trachomatis infection1	Within 1 week	Rabies, human <sup>2</sup>	Call Immediately
*Contaminated sharps injury <sup>14</sup>	Within 1 month	Rubella (including congenital) <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 work day
*Controlled substance overdose <sup>15</sup>	Call Immediately	Salmonellosis, including typhoid fever 2, 3	Within 1 week
Coronavirus, novel <sup>2, 16</sup>	Call Immediately	Shiga toxin-producing Escherichia coli <sup>2, 3</sup>	Within 1 week
Cryptosporidiosis <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 week	Shigellosis <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 week
Cyclosporiasis <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 week	*Silicosis <sup>17</sup>	Within 1 week
Cysticercosis <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 week	Smallpox <sup>2</sup>	Call Immediately
Diphtheria <sup>2, 3</sup>	Call Immediately	*Spinal cord injury <sup>18</sup>	Within 10 work days
*Drowning/near drowning <sup>18</sup>	Within 10 work days	Spotted fever group rickettsioses <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 week
Echinococcosis <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 week	Streptococcal disease (groups A <sup>2</sup> , B <sup>2</sup> ; <i>S. pneumo.</i> <sup>2, 3</sup> ), invasive	Within 1 week
Ehrlichiosis <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 week		Within 1 work day
Fascioliasis <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 week	*Syphilis – all other stages <sup>1, 19</sup>	Within 1 week
*Gonorrhea <sup>1</sup>	Within 1 week	Taenia solium and undifferentiated Taenia infection <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 week
Haemophilus influenzae, invasive <sup>2, 3</sup>	Within 1 week	Tetanus <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 week
Hansen's disease (leprosy) <sup>20</sup>	Within 1 week	*Traumatic brain injury <sup>18</sup>	Within 10 work days
Hantavirus infection <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 week	Trichinosis <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 week
Hemolytic uremic syndrome (HUS) <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 week	Trichuriasis <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 week
Hepatitis A <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 work day	Tuberculosis ( <i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> complex) 3, 21	Within 1 work day
Hepatitis B, C, and E (acute) <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 week	Tuberculosis infection <sup>22</sup>	Within 1 week
Hepatitis B infection identified prenatally or at delivery (mother) <sup>2</sup>		Tularemia <sup>2, 3</sup>	Call Immediately
Hepatitis B, perinatal (HBsAg+ < 24 months old) (child) <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 work day		Within 1 week
Hookworm (ancylostomiasis) <sup>2</sup>	Within 1 week	Vancomycin-intermediate <i>Staph aureus</i> (VISA) <sup>2, 3</sup>	Call Immediately
*Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), acute infection <sup>1, 23</sup>	Within 1 work day		Call Immediately
*Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), non-acute infection <sup>1, 23</sup>	Within 1 week	Vibrio infection, including cholera 2,3	Within 1 work day
Influenza-associated pediatric mortality <sup>2</sup>		Viral hemorrhagic fever (including Ebola) <sup>2</sup>	Call Immediately
·	Call Immediately	Yellow fever <sup>2</sup>	Call Immediately
Influenza, novel <sup>2</sup>	( all immediately		

In addition to specified reportable conditions, any outbreak, exotic disease, or unusual group expression of disease that may be of public health concern should be reported by the most expeditious means available. This includes any case of a select agent <sup>25</sup>

See select agent list at <a href="https://www.selectagents.gov/selectagentsandtoxinslist.html">https://www.selectagents.gov/selectagentsandtoxinslist.html</a>

<sup>\*</sup>See condition-specific footnotes for reporting contact information

## Texas Notifiable Conditions Footnotes - 2019

- <sup>1</sup> Please refer to specific rules and regulations for HIV/STD reporting and who to report to at: http://www.dshs.texas.gov/hivstd/healthcare/reporting.shtm.
- <sup>2</sup> Reporting forms are available at <a href="http://www.dshs.texas.gov/idcu/investigation/forms/">http://www.dshs.texas.gov/idcu/investigation/forms/</a> and investigation forms at <a href="http://www.dshs.texas.gov/idcu/investigation/">http://www.dshs.texas.gov/idcu/investigation/</a>. Call as indicated for immediately reportable conditions.
- 3 Lab samples of the following must be sent to the Department of State Health Services, Laboratory Services Section, 1100 West 49th Street, Austin, Texas 78756-3199 or other public health laboratory as designated by the Department of State Health Services: *Bacillus anthracis* isolates, *Clostridium botulinum* isolates, *Brucella* species isolates, *Corynebacterium diphtheriae* isolates, *Haemophilus influenzae* isolates from normally sterile sites in children under five years old, *Listeria monocytogenes* isolates, *Neisseria meningitidis* isolates from normally sterile sites or purpuric lesions, *Yersinia pestis* isolates, *Salmonella* species isolates (also requested specimens positive for *Salmonella* by culture-independent diagnostic testing (CIDT) methods), Shiga toxin-producing *Escherichia coli* (all *E.coli* O157:H7 isolates and any *E.coli* isolates or specimens in which Shiga toxin activity has been demonstrated), isolates of all members of the *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* complex, *Staphylococcus aureus* with a vancomycin MIC greater than 2 µg/mL (VISA and VRSA), *Streptococcus pneumoniae* isolates from normally sterile sites in children under five years old, *Francisella tularensis* isolates, and *Vibrio* species isolates (also requested specimens positive for *Vibrio* by culture-independent diagnostic testing (CIDT) methods). Pure cultures (or specimens) should be submitted as they become available accompanied by a current department Specimen Submission Form. See the *Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 97*: §97.3(a)(4), §97.4(a)(6), and §97.5(a)(2)(C). Call 512-776-7598 for specimen submission information.
- <sup>4</sup> Arboviral infections including, but not limited to, those caused by California serogroup virus, chikungunya virus, dengue virus, Eastern equine encephalitis (EEE) virus, St. Louis encephalitis (SLE) virus, Western equine encephalitis (WEE) virus, West Nile (WN) virus, and Zika virus.
- <sup>5</sup> All blood collection centers should report all donors with reactive tests for West Nile virus, Zika virus, and Chagas disease to the DSHS Zoonosis Control Branch. If your center uses a screening assay under an IND protocol, please include results of follow-up testing as well. To report, simply send a secure email to <a href="https://www.dshs.texas.gov">www.dshs.texas.gov</a> or fax the report to 512-776-7454. Providing the following data points will suffice: Collection Agency; Unique BUI #; Test Name, Collection Date; Last Name, First Name, Donor Phone Number, Donor Address, Date of Birth, Age, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Ethnicity (Y/N). If your location has a city or county health department, we recommend that you also share this same information with them. Contact information for the health department(s) serving the county where you are located can be found at <a href="https://www.dshs.texas.gov/idcu/investigation/conditions/contacts/">www.dshs.texas.gov/idcu/investigation/conditions/contacts/</a>.
- <sup>6</sup> For asbestos reporting information see <a href="http://www.dshs.texas.qov/epitox/Asbestosis-and-Silicosis-Surveillance/">http://www.dshs.texas.qov/epitox/Asbestosis-and-Silicosis-Surveillance/</a>.
- <sup>7</sup> See additional MDR-A reporting information at <a href="http://www.dshs.texas.gov/IDCU/health/antibiotic">http://www.dshs.texas.gov/IDCU/health/antibiotic</a> resistance/MDR-A-Reporting.doc.
- <sup>8</sup> Report suspected botulism immediately by phone to 888-963-7111.
- <sup>9</sup> For pesticide reporting information see <a href="http://www.dshs.texas.gov/epitox/Pesticide-Exposure/#reporting">http://www.dshs.texas.gov/epitox/Pesticide-Exposure/#reporting</a>.
- <sup>10</sup> For more information on cancer reporting rules and requirements go to <a href="http://www.dshs.texas.gov/tcr/reporting.shtm">http://www.dshs.texas.gov/tcr/reporting.shtm</a>.
- 11 See additional CRE reporting information at http://www.dshs.texas.gov/IDCU/health/antibiotic resistance/Reporting-CRE.doc.
- <sup>12</sup> For purposes of surveillance, CJD notification also includes Kuru, Gerstmann-Sträussler-Scheinker (GSS) disease, fatal familial insomnia (FFI), sporadic fatal insomnia (sFI), Variably Protease-Sensitive Prionopathy (VPSPr), and any novel prion disease affecting humans.
- <sup>13</sup> Call your <u>local health department</u> for a copy of the Varicella Reporting Form with their fax number. The <u>Varicella (Chickenpox) Reporting Form</u> should be used instead of an Epi-1 or Epi-2 morbidity report.
- <sup>14</sup> Applicable for governmental entities. Not applicable to private facilities. (<u>TAC §96.201</u>) Initial reporting forms for Contaminated Sharps at <a href="http://www.dshs.texas.gov/idcu/health/infection\_control/bloodborne\_pathogens/reporting/">http://www.dshs.texas.gov/idcu/health/infection\_control/bloodborne\_pathogens/reporting/</a>.
- <sup>15</sup> See https://www.dshs.texas.gov/epidemiology/epipoison.shtm for instructions on reporting controlled substance overdose.
- <sup>16</sup> Novel coronavirus causing severe acute respiratory disease includes Middle East Respiratory Syndrome (MERS) and Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS).
- <sup>17</sup> For silicosis reporting information see <a href="http://www.dshs.texas.gov/epitox/Asbestosis-and-Silicosis-Surveillance/">http://www.dshs.texas.gov/epitox/Asbestosis-and-Silicosis-Surveillance/</a>.
- 18 Please refer to specific rules and regulations for injury reporting and who to report to at http://www.dshs.texas.gov/injury/rules.shtm.
- <sup>19</sup> Laboratories should report syphilis test results within 3 work days of the testing outcome.
- <sup>20</sup> Reporting forms are available at https://www.dshs.texas.gov/idcu/disease/hansens/forms.shtm.
- 21 Reportable tuberculosis disease includes the following: suspected tuberculosis disease pending final laboratory results; positive nucleic acid amplification tests; clinically or laboratory-confirmed tuberculosis disease; and all Mycobacterium tuberculosis (M. tb) complex including M. tuberculosis, M. bovis, M. africanum, M. canettii, M. microti, M. caprae, and M. pinnipedii. See rules and reporting information at <a href="http://www.dshs.texas.gov/idcu/disease/tb/reporting/">http://www.dshs.texas.gov/idcu/disease/tb/reporting/</a>.
- TB infection is determined by a positive result from an FDA-approved Interferon-Gamma Release Assay (IGRA) test such as T-Spot<sup>®</sup> TB or QuantiFERON® TB GOLD In-Tube Test or a tuberculin skin test, and a normal chest radiograph with no presenting symptoms of TB disease. See rules and reporting information at <a href="http://www.dshs.texas.gov/idcu/disease/tb/reporting/">http://www.dshs.texas.gov/idcu/disease/tb/reporting/</a>. Please report skin test results in millimeters.
- <sup>23</sup> Any person suspected of having HIV should be reported, including HIV exposed infants.
- <sup>24</sup> For lead reporting information see <a href="http://www.dshs.texas.gov/lead/Reporting-Laws-Administrative-Code.aspx">http://www.dshs.texas.gov/lead/Reporting-Laws-Administrative-Code.aspx</a>.
- <sup>25</sup> Please secure select agent isolates and specimens in accordance with the guidance in the <u>Select Agent Regulation</u>, and immediately initiate a consultation with public health regarding need for further testing or sequencing. Notify any transfer facilities of any test results of high consequence/interest.