

Texas Department of State Health Services

Zoonotic Disease Epidemiology and Surveillance Updates

Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity Workshop - Oct. 2018

DSHS Zoonosis Control Branch

Updates and Highlights



- Arboviral diseases
 - Aedes-associated arboviruses
 - West Nile virus
- Brucellosis
- Fleaborne typhus
- Tickborne relapsing fever
- Other zoonoses



Aedes-transmitted Arboviruses

Zika, chikungunya, and dengue

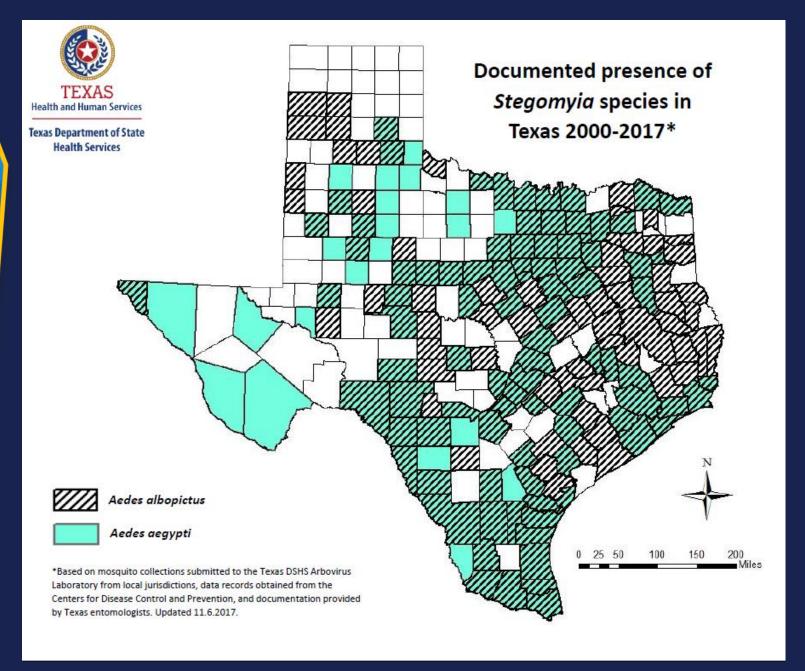
- Commonalities: transmission, symptomology, regions of endemicity
- Zika & chikungunya: recent emergence followed by sharp downturn
- Sporadic, seasonal risk of local vectorborne transmission in South Texas
 - 2013: dengue outbreak in LRGV & across border
 - 2015: isolated chikungunya case in Cameron county
 - 2016 & 2017: sporadic Zika disease cases in Hidalgo, Cameron counties



Image Source: https://phil.cdc.gov/phil/details.asp

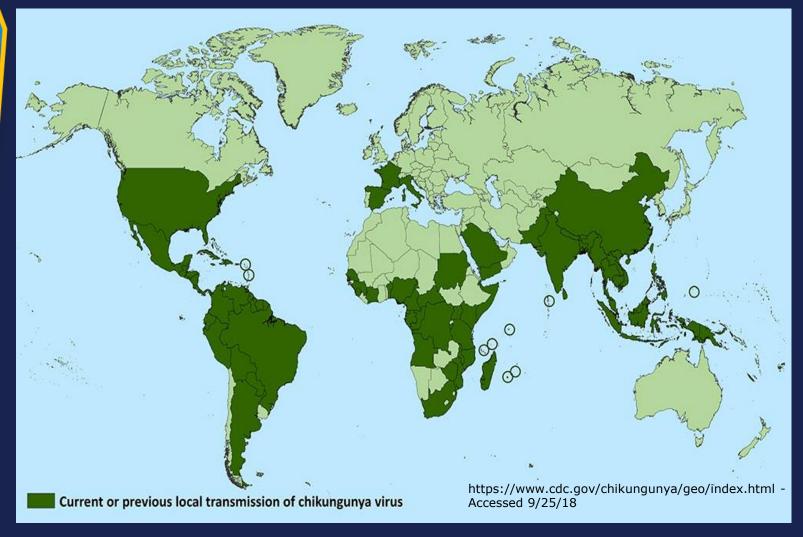






Areas of Zika, chikungunya, and dengue risk are very similar

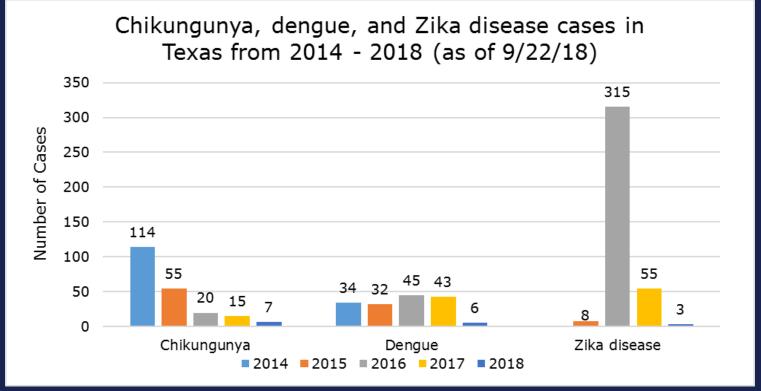






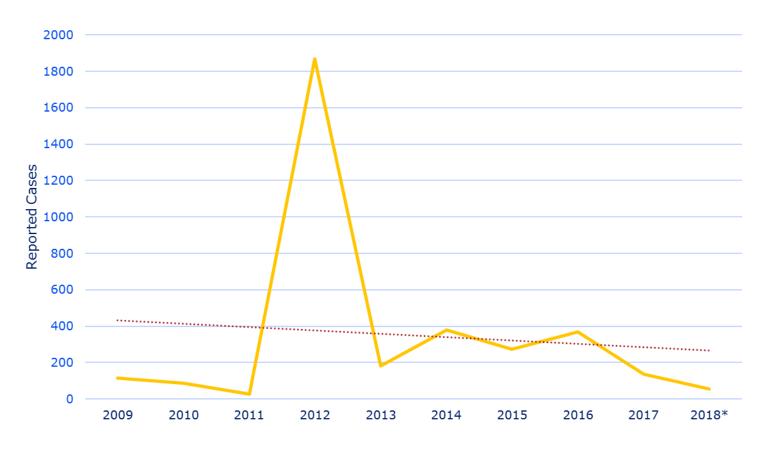
Recent trends

- Travel to Mexico, Asia, & the Caribbean
- Emergence in Americas: Chikungunya (2013), Zika (2015)





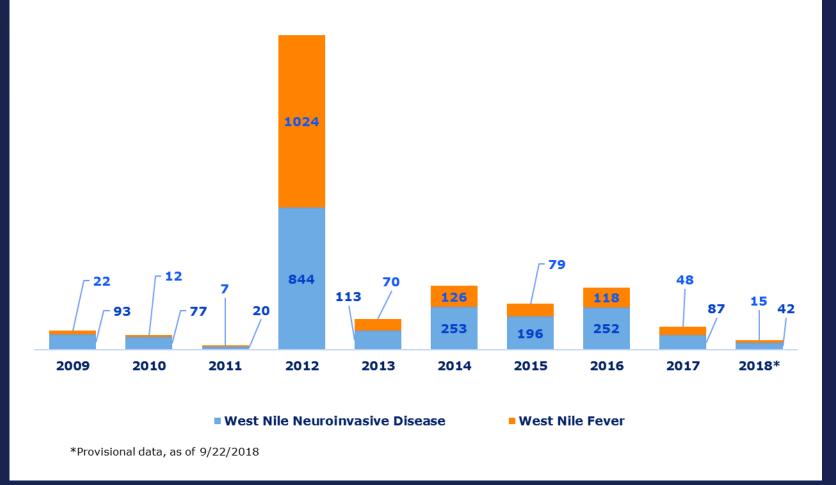
Reported Cases of West Nile Virus, Texas, 2009 - 2018*



^{*}Provisional data for 2018, as of 9/22/2018

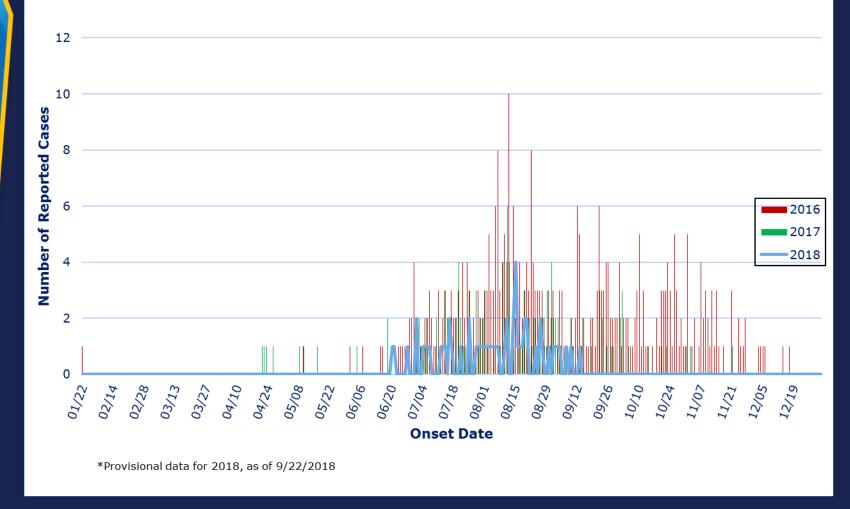


Reported Cases of West Nile Fever and West Nile Neuroinvasive Disease, Texas 2009 - 2018*



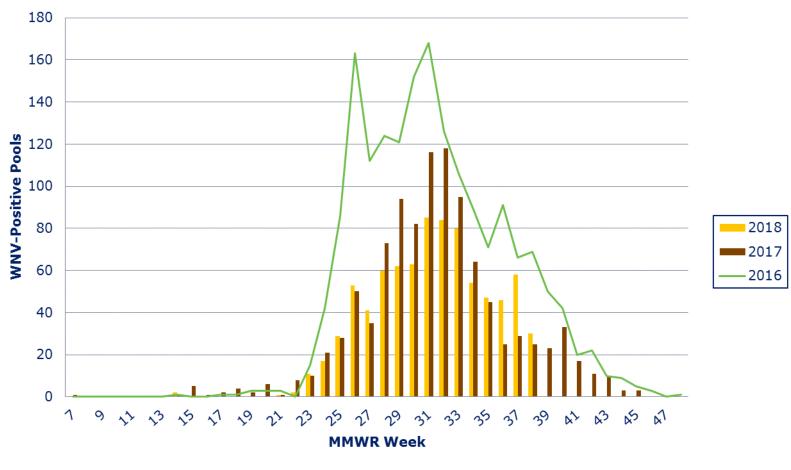


Human Cases of West Nile Virus Reported in Texas, by Onset Date, 2016-2018*



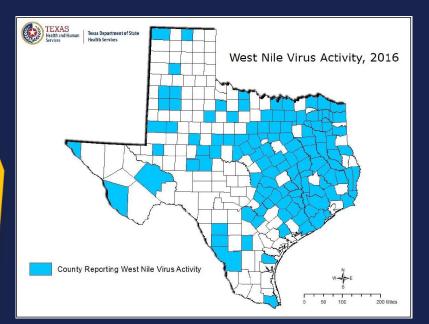


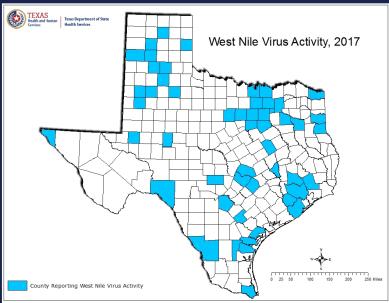
WNV-Positive Mosquito Pools Reported in Texas, by MMWR Week, 2016-2018*

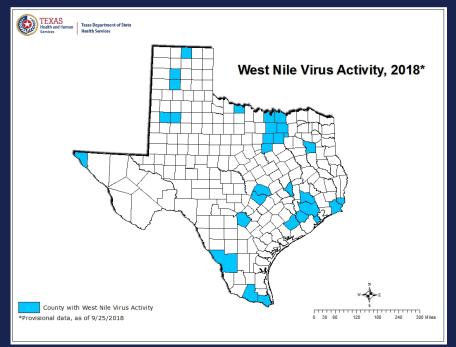


*Provisional data for 2018, as of 9/22/2018



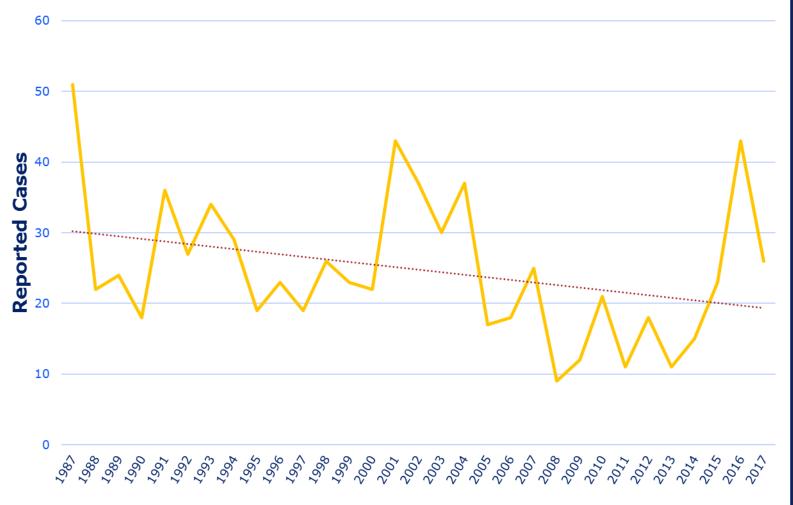








Reported Cases of Brucellosis in Texas, 1987 - 2017 (N=769)



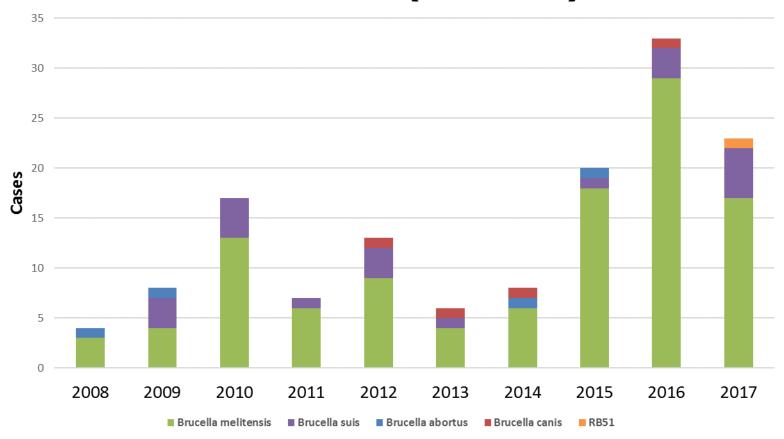


Reported Cases of Brucellosis in Texas, 2008 - 2017 (N=189)





Brucella Species Identified in Confirmed Cases by Year, Texas, 2008-2017 (N = 139)



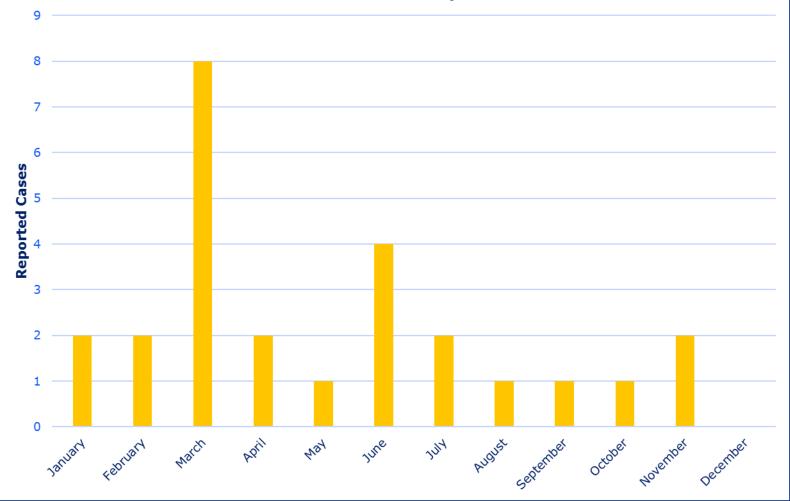
2017 Brucellosis in Texas



- In 2017, there were 26 cases of brucellosis reported from 13 counties
 - ➤ Harris County (8), Dallas County (5), and Tarrant County (3) reported the highest number of cases
- Of the 26 reported cases, 16 (62%) were male and 10 (38%) were female
- The majority (81%) of cases were Hispanic
- The majority of cases (73%) were hospitalized
- Three (12%) case-patients were pregnant at the time of infection
 - No pregnancy complications have been reported
- No deaths were associated with brucellosis in 2017



Reported Cases of Brucellosis in Texas by Onset Month, 2017



Brucellosis: Clinical Presentation



- Most commonly reported clinical signs and symptoms
 - >Fever (92%)
 - ➤ Sweating (65%)
 - ➤ Fatigue (54%)
- Reported clinical signs and symptoms of chronic disease
 - >Arthritis (12%)
 - ➤ Splenomegaly (8%)
 - ➤ Endocarditis (4%)

Brucellosis Exposures



- Most commonly reported exposures
 - ➤ Contact with animals (50%)
 - ➤ Consumption of unpasteurized cheese (38%)
 - ➤ Consumption of unpasteurized milk (8%)
 - ➤ Consumption of undercooked meat (8%)
- Ten (38%) case-patients reported consuming unpasteurized dairy products from Mexico

Fleaborne Typhus Cases on the Rise!



- Overall increase over last 13 years in Texas
- Distribution has changed over last 5 years
 - Increased typhus activity in Dallas-Fort Worth & Houston areas
- Health Alert issued Nov 30, 2017

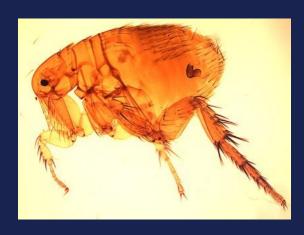
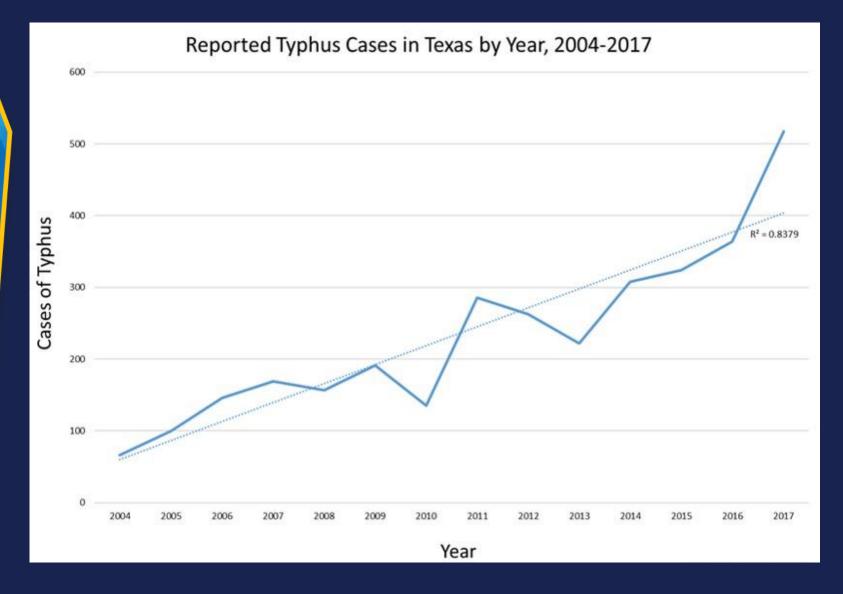


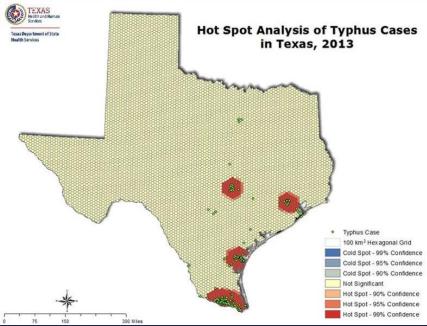
Figure 1: *Xenopsylla cheopis*, the Oriental rat flea www.cdc.gov/typhus/murine/index.html

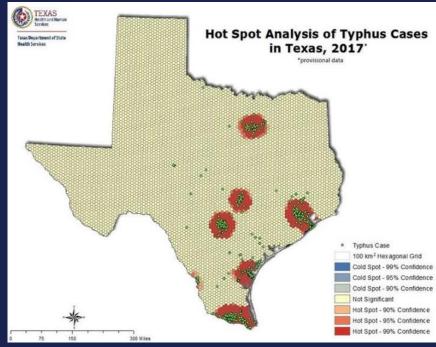




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Tickborne Relapsing Fever, Oh My!



Texas Department of State Health Services

- Seven cases reported in 2017
 - ➤ Six in Travis County
 - ➤ Majority of exposures were <u>not</u> associated with cave exploration
- At least two of these patients were initially diagnosed with Lyme disease
- Not currently notifiable in Texas, but considering adding to list

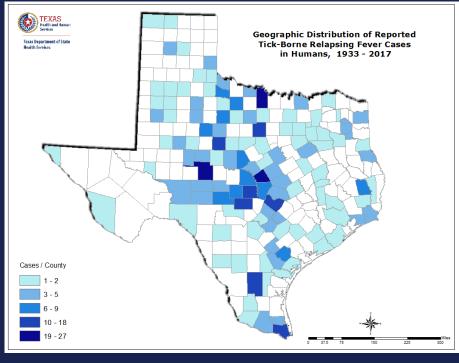


O. hermsi tick, before and after feeding. Photo taken by Gary Hettrick RML, NIAID.

TBRF Cases Reported in Texas, 1933-2017







More on Zoonoses



- Wednesday Breakout Sessions
 - Zoonotic Disease One-Health Investigations at 10:15 am
 - Vectorborne Zoonoses at 3:00 pm
- Regional Zoonosis Control Offices http://www.dshs.texas.gov/idcu/ health/zoonosis/contact/





Texas Department of State
Health Services

Thank you

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