

Strongyloidiasis

Strongyloides stercoralis



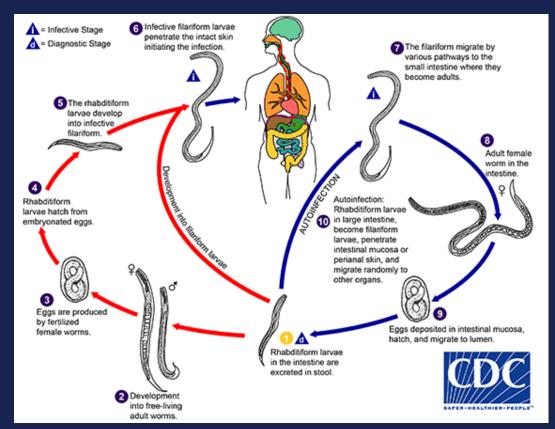
Health and Human Services Texas Department of State Health Services

What is it?

 Nematode (roundworm)

- Neglected Tropical Disease
- Soiltransmitted helminth







Investigation Overview

- Donor: liver and kidneys
 - 3 recipients, 4 facilities in 4 PHRs
- Left kidney recipient deceased
 - Pre-transplant serum requested
- Donor serology samples submitted
- Treatment recommendations for liver and right kidney recipient
 - Oral Ivermectin 200 ug/kg, once daily for 2 days and repeated 2 weeks later



Investigation Findings

- Pre-transplant serum from deceased left kidney recipient
 - Negative for strongyloidiasis
- Donor serology samples
 - Positive for strongyloidiasis
- Remaining recipients received the second (and final) round of treatment
 - Asymptomatic
 - Medical team conducted symptom survey
 - O&P test not recommended



Roles of Local and Regional Health Departments

- Obtain missing information for CDC
- Communicate with organ procurement organizations
- Communicate exposure investigation information to facility infection prevention department
- Communicate prophylatic treatment recommendations to providers



Key points

- CDC reaches out quickly
- Outreach important
- Often many jurisdictions involved
- Zoonosis and HAI overlap

Questions?