TABLE VI
REPORTED DISEASES BY PUBLIC HEALTH REGION ^{1 2} - TEXAS, 2021

DISEASE	PHR 1	PHR 2	PHR 3	PHR 4	PHR 5	PHR 6	PHR 7	PHR 8	PHR 9	PHR 10	PHR 11	TOTAL
AMEBIC MENINGOENCEPHALITIS, PRIMARY ³	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
ANAPLASMA PHAGOCYTOPHILUM	0	0	-	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-
ASCARIASIS ⁴	0	0	-	0	0	-	-	-	0	-	0	8
BABESIOSIS	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
BOTULISM, FOODBORNE	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
BOTULISM, INFANT ⁵	0	0	-	-	0	-	0	0	0	-	-	10
BOTULISM, WOUND	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-
BRUCELLOSIS	0	0	5	0	-	-	-	0	0	0	-	13
CAMPYLOBACTERIOSIS	295	140	859	136	40	192	483	727	207	70	791	3,940
CANDIDA AURIS, CLINICAL	0	-	30	-	40	16	405	0	-	0	-	5,540
CANDIDA AURIS, COLONIZATION/SCREENING	-	- 7	185	-	0	10	-	0	-	0	0	221
CARBAPENEM-RESISTANT ENTEROBACTERIACEAE (CRE)	28	18	185	9	22	329	54	58	7	7	222	871
CHAGAS DISEASE	0	0	11/	9	22	7	6	6	0	0	222	26
CHICKENPOX (VARICELLA)	15	-	121	5	- 9	68	34	41	-	12	- 44	354
				6	-	27	48	77			85	444
CRYPTOSPORIDIOSIS	32	12	124	-	-		-		17	15		
CYCLOSPORIASIS	0	-	54 -	0	-	109	57	52	9 0	-	22	312
CYSTICERCOSIS DENGUE	0	0		0	0	0		0	0		0	-
	-	-	5	-	-		-	5	-	0	-	18
EHRLICHIA CHAFFEENSIS	0	0	0	-	0	0	-	-	-	0	0	6
ESCHERICHIA COLI, SHIGA TOXIN-PRODUCING (STEC)	59	24	219	12	3	164	85	88	13	12	148	827
HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE, INVASIVE ⁶	8	-	77	11	5	54	39	16	-	-	13	229
HANTAVIRUS PULMONARY SYNDROME	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
HEMOLYTIC UREMIC SYNDROME	-	-	-	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	0	9
HEPATITIS A, ACUTE	12	-	292	35	-	52	15	9	-	-	10	432
HEPATITIS B, ACUTE	6	0	22	-	-	9	-	9	-	-	-	58
HEPATITIS E, ACUTE	0	0	-	0	0	7	0	-	0	0	0	14
LEGIONELLOSIS	5	-	128	15	-	64	66	45	6	6	19	358
LEISHMANIASIS	0	0	-	0	0	-	-	0	0	-	0	9
LISTERIOSIS	-	-	10	-	-	24	-	5	0	-	-	56
LYME DISEASE	0	0	9	-	-	6	9	-	0	-	-	32
MALARIA	-	-	66	-	-	23	10	-	0	-	-	112
MENINGOCOCCAL INFECTION ⁷	0	0	-	0	0	6	-	-	0	0	-	13
MUMPS	-	0	10	0	-	-	-	-	0	0	-	19
PERTUSSIS	17	11	102	16	-	14	-	11	-	-	20	201
Q FEVER	-	0	-	0	0	0	-	-	-	0	-	12
RABIES, HUMAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	-
RELAPSING FEVER, TICK BORNE	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	-
RICKETTSIOSIS, UNSPECIFIED ⁸	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	-	6
SALMONELLOSIS	226	74	1068	96	39	332	587	675	163	115	715	4,090
SHIGELLOSIS	22	12	195	7	-	86	76	113		16	147	685
SPOTTED GP FEVER RICKETTSIOSES	0	0	-	-	0	-	0	0	0	-	-	10
STREPTOCOCCUS PNEUMONIAE	56	43	361	45	27	204	144	79	24	37	49	1,069
TETANUS	0	0	-	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	-
TRICHURIASIS	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	0	0	0	-
TULAREMIA	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-
TYPHOID FEVER	0	0	6	0	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	11
TYPHUS, FLEA-BORNE (ENDEMIC, MURINE)	0	-	91	-	-	123	70	94	14	0	264	663
VIBRIO (NON-CHOLERA VIBRIO SPECIES)	8	7	38	-	-	60	19	30	6	-	37	208
VISA ⁹	-	0	-	0	0	0	0	-	-	0	0	-
WEST NILE FEVER	-	0	8	0	0	-	0	-	0	0	-	13
	-			-								
۵. ۲	23	-	44	-	0	24	-	-	-	18	8	130
WEST NILE FEVEN WEST NILE NEUROINVASIVE DISEASE YERSINIOSIS	23 9	-	44 34	-	-	24 18	- 35	- 40	-	- 18	8 14	130 158

Note: Per Emerging and Acute Infectious Disease Unit Data Suppression policy, beginning with data published after September 2021, subgroup case counts of 1-4 and fatalities counts of 1-9 are not provided (-). Additional counts (--) are suppressed to prevent back-calculation of suppressed small counts.

¹ Diseases listed reflect those that were notifiable in Texas based on Texas Administrative Code and where cases were reported in the current reporting year. Counts are reported by Texas DSHS Health Service Regions. Case counts are presumed to be underestimates of true disease incidence due to incomplete reporting. Data in this table may not match tables in articles in this publication that were written prior to completion of data review for this report, or other previously published materials.

² Prion Disease is not included in this table.

³ Amebic Central Nervous System (CNS) infections include primary amebic meningoencephalitis (PAM) caused by Naegleria fowleri and CNS infections caused by other amebae.

⁴ Neglected tropical diseases reportable effective for 2016 are ancylostomiasis (hookworm), ascariasis, echinococcosis, fascioliasis, paragonimiasis, and trichuriasis. ⁵ Infant botulism cases are for patients under 1 year of age by definition.

⁶ Effective in 2016, Haemophilus influenzae type b infection, invasive was expanded to all invasive Haemophilus influenzae regardless of type.

⁷ Includes all cases of invasive *Neisseria meningitidis* including cases of meningitis, septicemia, and joint infections.

⁸ The "Rickettsiosis, unspecified" condition was added to the Epi Case Criteria Guide in 2016 to capture rickettsial cases that could not be definitively classified as either flea-borne typhus or spotted fever rickettsiosis.

⁹ Vancomycin-intermediate resistant *Staphylococcus aureus (VISA)--Staphylococcus aureus* with a vancomycin minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) of 4 μg/mL through 8 μg/mL.