

TABLE VI
REPORTED DISEASES BY PUBLIC HEALTH REGION^{1 2}– TEXAS, 2022

DISEASE	PHR 1	PHR 2	PHR 3	PHR 4	PHR 5	PHR 6	PHR 7	PHR 8	PHR 9	PHR 10	PHR 11	TOTAL
AMEBIC MENINGOENCEPHALITIS, PRIMARY ³	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	-
ANAPLASMA PHAGOCYTOPHILUM	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	-
ANCYLOSTOMIASIS (HOOKWORM) ⁴	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
ASCARIASIS ⁴	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	-	5
BABESIOSIS	0	0	-	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	-	-
BOTULISM, INFANT ⁵	-	0	-	-	0	-	0	-	-	0	-	10
BOTULISM, WOUND	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
BRUCELLOSIS	0	0	-	-	-	6	-	0	0	0	-	19
CAMPYLOBACTERIOSIS	354	87	737	243	28	116	325	729	160	52	723	3,554
CANDIDA AURIS, CLINICAL	-	-	45	0	-	113	6	0	-	0	-	173
CANDIDA AURIS, COLONIZATION/SCREENING	0	-	126	-	9	253	5	0	-	0	0	398
CARBAPENEM-RESISTANT ENTEROBACTERIACEAE (CRE)	29	20	311	23	27	321	61	69	15	11	235	1,124
CHAGAS DISEASE	0	0	-	0	-	5	5	6	0	0	-	22
CHICKENPOX (VARICELLA)	13	5	149	10	5	77	55	40	6	17	70	448
CRYPTOSPORIDIOSIS	51	12	155	8	7	56	86	121	22	22	126	666
CYCLOSPORIASIS	-	-	227	6	-	102	137	90	10	11	45	636
CYSTICERCOSIS	-	0	5	0	0	-	-	-	0	-	0	10
DENGUE	0	0	23	0	0	14	13	5	-	0	-	57
EHRlichia CHAFFEENSIS	0	0	-	5	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	10
ESCHERICHIA COLI, SHIGA TOXIN-PRODUCING (STEC)	77	30	308	14	9	152	129	141	35	12	147	1,054
HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE, INVASIVE ⁶	14	11	119	17	-	92	60	30	11	14	23	393
HEMOLYTIC UREMIC SYNDROME	-	-	8	-	0	-	-	-	0	-	0	19
HEPATITIS A, ACUTE	-	0	35	13	0	17	17	9	-	13	20	132
HEPATITIS B, ACUTE	-	-	22	-	0	8	9	-	-	0	6	55
HEPATITIS E, ACUTE	-	0	5	0	0	-	-	-	0	0	-	15
INFLUENZA-ASSOCIATED PEDIATRIC MORTALITY ⁷	0	0	-	0	0	-	-	-	0	0	-	11
LEGIONELLOSIS	5	10	150	14	7	49	48	42	6	6	11	348
LEISHMANIASIS	0	0	6	-	0	-	-	0	0	0	-	11
LISTERIOSIS	0	0	6	-	-	16	-	-	-	-	12	47
LYME DISEASE	0	0	10	0	0	7	-	-	0	0	0	23
MALARIA	-	-	59	-	-	52	22	5	-	12	-	166
MENINGOCOCCAL INFECTION ⁸	0	0	-	0	0	8	-	0	-	-	0	15
MUMPS	0	-	9	-	-	-	8	-	0	0	19	48
PERTUSSIS	6	34	77	-	-	17	-	14	-	0	33	193
Q FEVER	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	-	5
RICKETTSIOSIS, UNSPECIFIED ⁹	0	0	-	0	0	-	0	-	0	0	-	-
SALMONELLOSIS	456	124	1,392	191	76	618	858	773	202	133	668	5,492
SHIGELLOSIS	36	8	285	9	6	172	189	179	16	23	140	1064
SPOTTED GP FEVER RICKETTSIOSES	0	0	0	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	7	19
ST. LOUIS ENCEPHALITIS VIRUS ¹⁰	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-
STREPTOCOCCUS PNEUMONIAE	96	64	527	89	45	285	218	135	45	52	75	1,631
T.SOLIUM-UNDIFF TAENIA	0	0	-	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	-
TETANUS	-	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
TULAREMIA	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-
TYPHOID FEVER	0	0	18	0	0	7	5	-	0	-	-	36
TYPHUS, FLEA-BORNE (ENDEMIC, MURINE)	-	0	141	-	0	121	42	83	-	0	189	580
VIBRIO (NON-CHOLERA VIBRIO SPECIES)	8	-	36	-	-	64	25	28	6	-	35	214
VISA ¹¹	0	0	-	-	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	5
WEST NILE FEVER	-	-	-	0	0	-	0	0	0	-	0	7
WEST NILE NEUROINVASIVE DISEASE	0	0	9	0	-	17	-	-	0	9	0	39
YERSINIOSIS	11	-	65	9	-	16	51	58	13	0	34	262

Note: Per Emerging and Acute Infectious Disease Unit Data Suppression policy, beginning with data published after September 2021, subgroup case counts of 1-4 and fatalities counts of 1-9 are not provided (-). Additional counts (--) are suppressed to prevent back-calculation of suppressed small counts.

¹ Diseases listed reflect those that were notifiable in Texas based on Texas Administrative Code and where cases were reported in the current reporting year. Counts are reported by Texas DSHS Health Service Regions. Case counts are presumed to be underestimates of true disease incidence due to incomplete reporting. Data in this table may not match tables in articles in this publication that were written prior to completion of data review for this report, or other previously published materials.

² Prion Disease is not included in this table.

³ Amebic Central Nervous System (CNS) infections include primary amebic meningoencephalitis (PAM) caused by *Naegleria fowleri* and CNS infections caused by other amoebae.

⁴ Neglected tropical diseases reportable effective for 2016 are ancylostomiasis (hookworm), ascariasis, echinococcosis, fascioliasis, paragonimiasis, and trichuriasis.

⁵ Infant botulism cases are for patients under 1 year of age by definition.

⁶ Effective in 2016, *Haemophilus influenzae* type b infection, invasive was expanded to all invasive *Haemophilus influenzae* regardless of type.

⁷ Influenza-associated pediatric mortality cases are under 18 years of age by definition.

⁸ Includes all cases of invasive *Neisseria meningitidis* including cases of meningitis, septicemia, and joint infections.

⁹ The "Rickettsiosis, unspecified" condition was added to the Epi Case Criteria Guide in 2016 to capture rickettsial cases that could not be definitively classified as either flea-borne typhus or spotted fever rickettsiosis.

¹⁰ These arbovirus counts include both neuroinvasive and non-neuroinvasive cases.

¹¹ Vancomycin-intermediate resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (VISA)--*Staphylococcus aureus* with a vancomycin minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) of 4 µg/mL through 8 µg/mL.