

Texas Influenza Surveillance Report 2022-2023 Season/ 2022 MMWR Week 49

(December 4, 2022 – December 10, 2022)

Report produced on 12/16/2022

Summary

*This report excludes COVID-19 data. For information about COVID-19 in Texas, please visit www.dshs.texas.gov/coronavirus.

Compared to the previous week, the percentage of specimens testing positive for influenza reported by hospital laboratories has decreased. The percentage of patient visits due to influenza-like illness (ILI) has decreased. No influenza associated pediatric death has been reported. 4 influenza-associated institutional outbreaks were reported in school and long-term care facilities with no school closures reported.

Table 1: Summary of Texas Influenza (Flu) and Influenza-like Illness (ILI) Activity for the Current Week

Texas Surveillance Component	Change from Previous Week	Current Week	Previous Week [†]	Page of Report
Statewide ILINet Activity Indicator assigned by CDC (intensity of influenza-like illness)	Stayed the Same	Very High	Very High	-
Percentage of specimens positive for influenza by hospital laboratories	▼ 0.99%	21.50%	22.49%	1
Percentage of visits due to ILI (ILINet)	▼ 0.40%	7.81%	8.21%	4
Number of regions reporting increased flu/ILI activity	▼ 2	3	5	5
Number of regions reporting decreased flu/ILI activity	▲ 1	4	3	5
Number of variant/novel influenza infections	No cases reported	0	0	5
Number of ILI/influenza outbreaks	Decreased	4	10	5
Number of pediatric influenza deaths	Decreased	0	1	6

[†]Data displayed have been updated since last week's flu report with any new reports received.

Laboratory Results

Influenza

Hospital laboratories across Texas voluntarily report influenza tests (antigen, culture, and PCR) to the National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS). Providers throughout Texas also submit specimens for influenza testing (PCR) to Texas public health laboratories, including the Texas Department of State Health Services (DSHS) state laboratory in Austin and the nine Texas Laboratory Response Network (LRN) laboratories. The results reported by Texas NREVSS participants and public health laboratories for the current week are summarized in the two tables below. Additional influenza test results (rapid tests, culture, PCR) and ILI activity were reported from providers and public health departments throughout the state (see county map at the end of this report).

Table 2: Influenza Testing Performed by Texas Hospital Laboratories for the Current Week

	Week 49	Season to Date Week Ending: December 10, 2022
Number of labs reporting flu tests	21	
Number of specimens tested	14003	133785
Number of positive specimens (%)	3010 (21.50%)	32098 (23.99%)
Percentage of total tests that were antigen detection tests	0.00%	
Positive specimens by type/subtype [n (%)]		
Influenza A	2939 (97.64%)	31538 (98.26%)
Subtyping performed	486 (16.54%)	5253 (16.66%)
A (H1N1)	189 (38.89%)	1262 (24.02%)
A (H3N2)	297 (61.11%)	3991 (75.98%)
Subtyping not performed	2453 (83.46%)	26285 (83.34%)
Influenza B	71 (2.36%)	560 (1.74%)

Figure 1: Number and Percentage of Tests (Antigen, Culture, PCR) Positive for Influenza by Type and Subtype Reported by Texas Hospital Laboratories, 2022-2023 Season

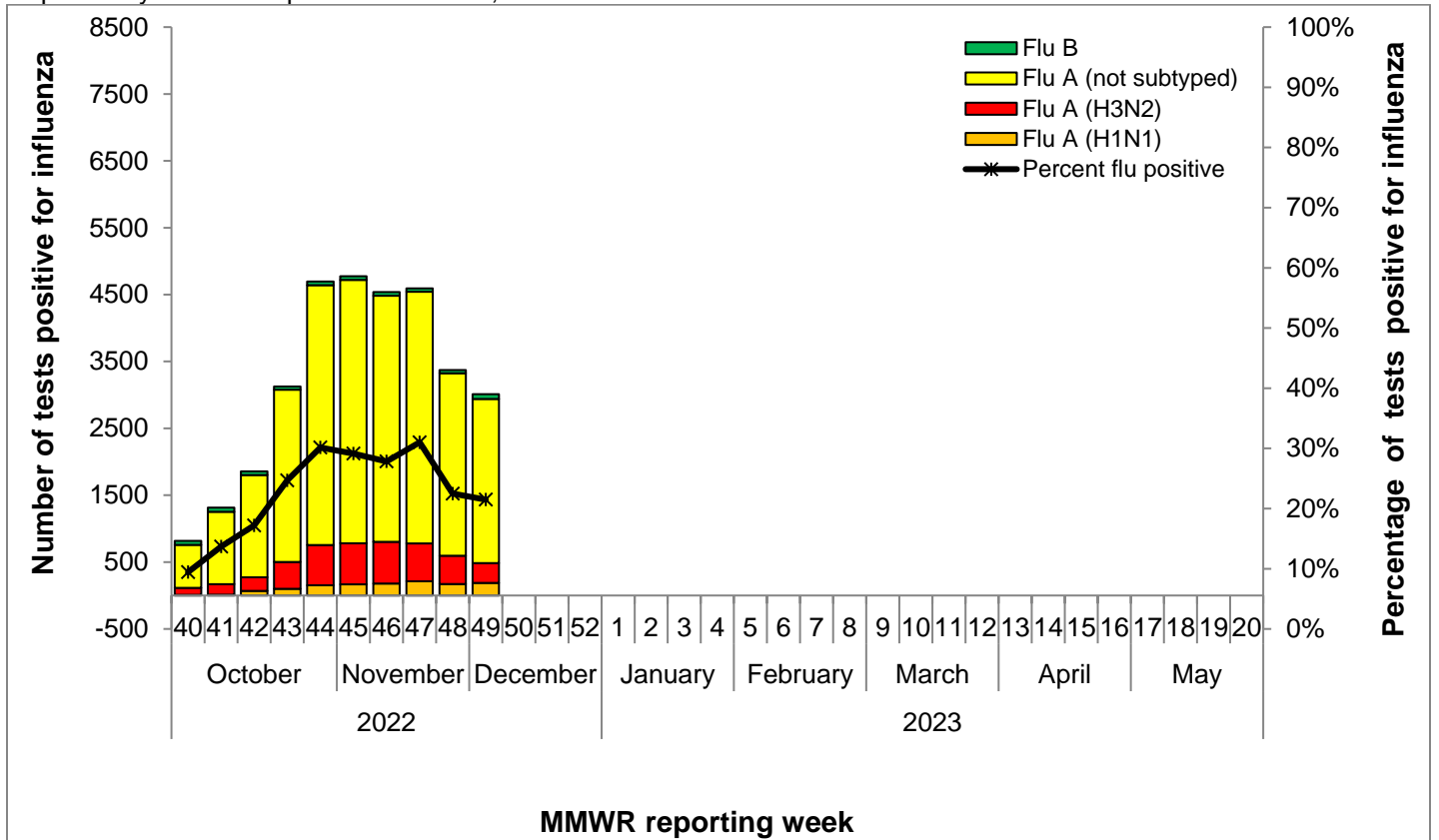
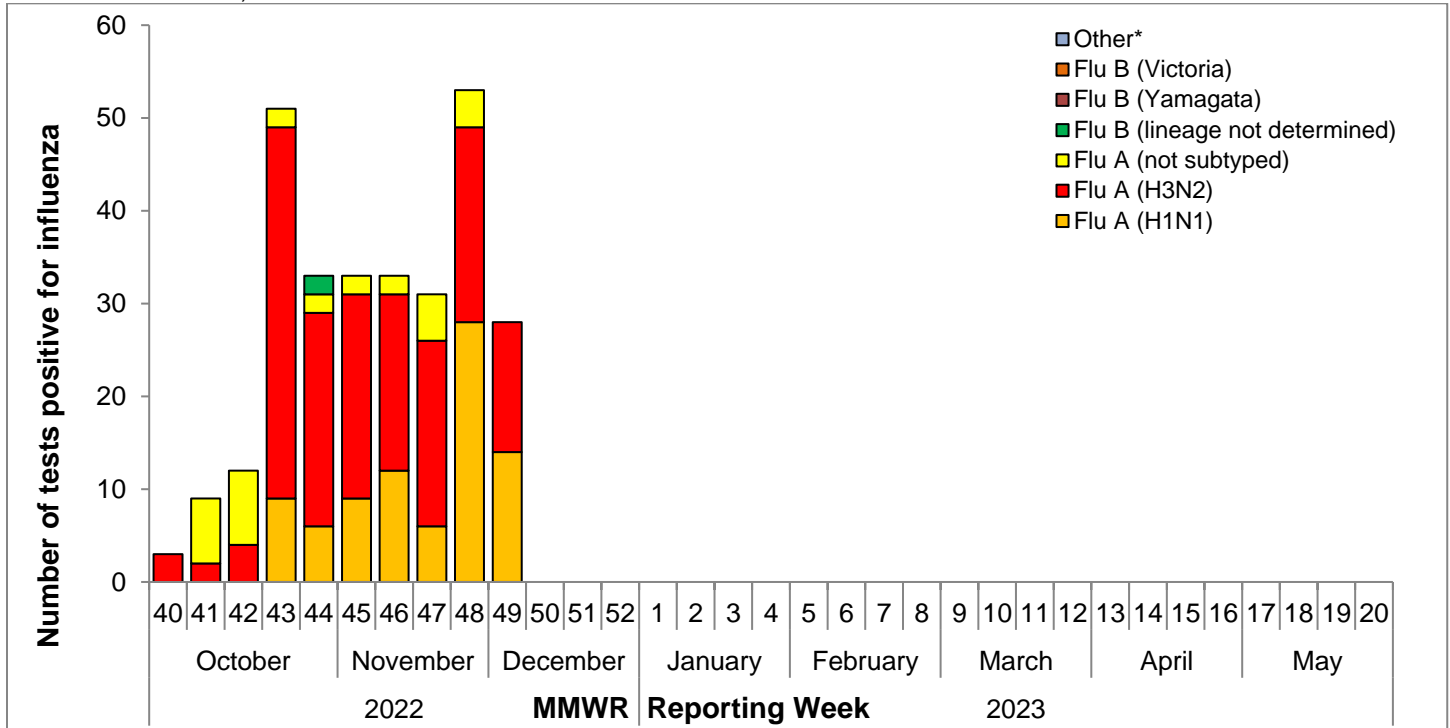


Table 3: Influenza Testing Performed by Texas Public Health Laboratories for the Current Week

	Week 49	Season to Date Week Ending: December 10, 2022
Number of labs reporting flu tests	3	
Number of specimens tested	179	1327
Number of positive specimens (%)	28 (15.64%)	286 (21.55%)
Positive specimens by type/subtype/lineage [n (%)]		
Influenza A	28 (100.00%)	284 (99.30%)
Subtyping performed	28 (100.00%)	252 (88.73%)
A (H1N1)	14 (50.00%)	84 (33.33%)
A (H3N2)	14 (50.00%)	168 (66.67%)
Subtyping not performed	0 (0.00%)	32 (11.27%)
Influenza B	0 (0.00%)	2 (0.70%)
Lineage testing performed	0 (0.00%)	0 (0.00%)
B/Victoria	0 (0.00%)	0 (0.00%)
B/Yamagata	0 (0.00%)	0 (0.00%)
Lineage testing not performed	0 (0.00%)	2 (100.00%)
Other*	0 (0.00%)	0 (0.00%)

*Other denotes specimens with coinfections (i.e. one specimen was positive for both influenza A (H1N1) and influenza A (H3N2))

Figure 2: Number of Tests (PCR) Positive for Influenza by Type, Subtype, and Lineage Reported by Texas Public Health Laboratories, 2022-2023 Season



*Other denotes specimens with coinfections (i.e. one specimen was positive for both influenza A (H1N1) and influenza A (H3N2))

Other Respiratory Viruses

The NREVSS system collects information on a variety of respiratory viruses in addition to influenza including parainfluenza virus, respiratory syncytial virus (RSV), rhinovirus, human metapneumovirus (HMPV), seasonal coronavirus, and respiratory adenovirus. The results for the current week are summarized below.

Table 4: Non-Influenza Respiratory Virus Testing Performed by Texas NREVSS Laboratories for the Current Week

Virus	Number of Laboratories Testing	Tests Performed	Positive Tests	Percentage of Tests Positive
Adenovirus (respiratory)	15	3663	398	10.87%
HMPV	16	3692	258	6.99%
Parainfluenza virus	16	3692	240	6.50%
Rhino/enterovirus	16	3692	753	20.40%
RSV [†]	20	7988	648	8.11%
Seasonal coronavirus (does not include MERS-CoV or COVID-19)	15	3170	117	3.69%

[†] RSV tests displayed in the table are a combination of antigen detection, PCR, and culture tests. Some non-NREVSS reporters also contribute to the RSV data.

[^] Numbers and percentage may differ from the weekly RSV report. The weekly RSV report may be accessed at <https://www.dshs.state.tx.us/RSV/disease/rsv-Data.aspx>.

Antigenic Characterization

No antigenic characterization data for Texas specimens are currently available. The DSHS Laboratory sends a representative sample of influenza viruses to the CDC throughout the flu season.

Antiviral Resistance

No antiviral resistance testing data for Texas specimens are available presently.

U.S. Outpatient Influenza-like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet)

Table 5: Texas ILINet Reporting and Patient Visit Summary for the Current Week

Week 49	
Number of providers reporting	50
Number of providers reporting patient visits	50
Number (%) of providers with at least one ILI case	47 (94.00%)
Percentage of all visits due to ILI	7.81%
Texas ILINet baseline [‡] , 2022-2023	4.85%

[‡]The baseline is the mean percentage of patient visits for ILI during non-influenza weeks for the previous three seasons plus two standard deviations. A "non-influenza week" is defined as a week that accounted for less than 2% of the season's total number of specimens that tested positive for influenza

Special Note: The case definition was changed to capture respiratory pathogens causing illness, including CoVID-19, through the ILINet. The Influenza-like Illness (ILI) case definition for the 2022-2023 season is a patient with fever ($\geq 100^{\circ}\text{F}$, 37.8°C) AND cough and/or sore throat. There is no longer a restriction on the cause.

Table 6: Percentage of Visits for Influenza-like Illness Reported by Texas ILINet Providers (as of 12/15/2022 10:35 AM)

Week	Providers Reporting	Number of ILI Cases by Age Group (Years)					Total ILI (all ages)	Total Patients	% ILI
		0-4	5-24	25-49	50-64	65+			
202240	58	880	1279	268	103	57	2587	56131	4.61%
202241	61	1092	1568	397	161	66	3284	61260	5.36%
202242	59	1100	1860	445	201	78	3684	61477	5.99%
202243	61	1460	2704	573	226	106	5069	65582	7.73%
202244	61	1560	3061	692	269	125	5707	66745	8.55%
202245	60	1405	2461	569	431	130	4996	50371	9.92%
202246	49	1106	1755	431	159	142	3593	36326	9.89%
202247	56	1422	1853	1048	374	207	4904	52874	9.27%
202248	55	1342	1864	1130	436	284	5056	61608	8.21%
202249	50	1137	1818	845	360	237	4397	56300	7.81%

Figure 3: Percentage of Visits Due to Influenza-like Illness Reported by Texas ILINet Participants, 2022-2023 Season

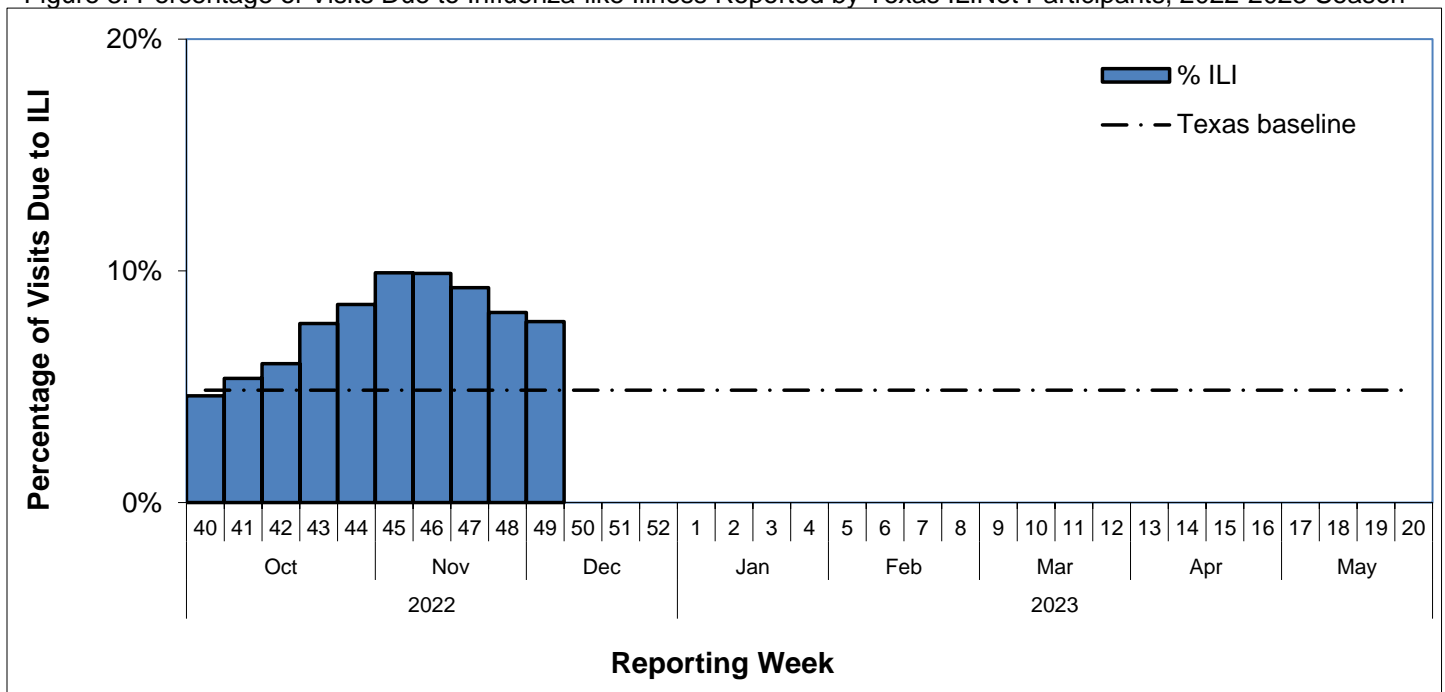
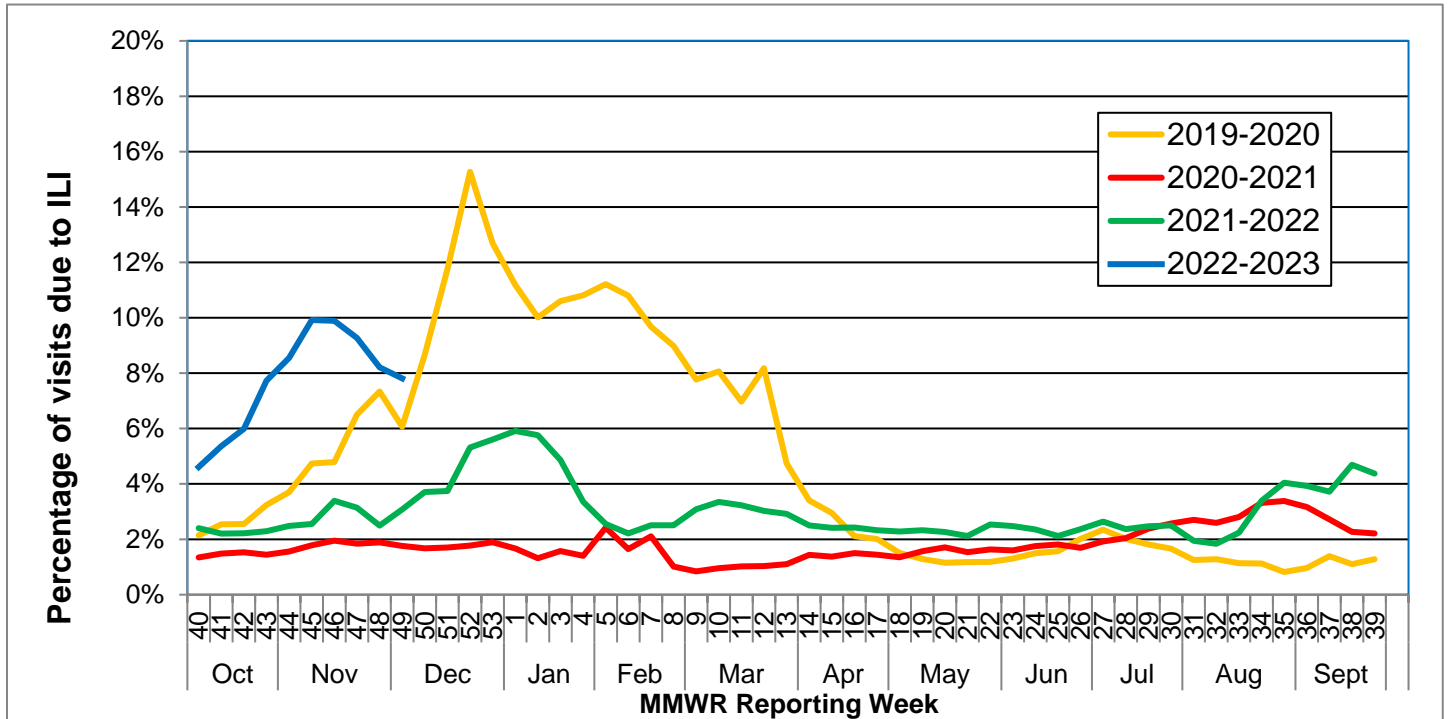


Figure 4: Percentage of Visits Due to Influenza-like Illness Reported by Texas ILINet Participants, 2019–2023 Seasons



Note: The 2020-2021 Flu Season contains MMWR week 202053. For graphical display compatibility with seasons containing 52 weeks, average values were generated using MMWR week 52 and 1 for Seasons: 2019-2020, 2021-2022, and 2022-23.

Reports from Health Service Regions

Reports were received from all Health Service Regions (HSRs) during week 49.

Table 7: Influenza Activity compared to week 48 by Health Service Region (HSR)

Influenza Activity Comparison	
Increased	7, 9/10, and 11
Same	2/3,
Decreased	1, 4/5N, 6/5S, and 8
Unsure	

Variant Influenza Viruses

No variant or novel influenza viruses have been detected in Texas during the 2022-2023 season.

Institutional Outbreaks and School Closures

4 newly identified institutional outbreaks were reported in week 49.

Newly identified outbreaks were reported from Public Health Region 4/5N, 8, and 11.

No school closures have been reported.

Outbreaks will continue to be monitored until closure. Health departments remain in communication with facilities experiencing these outbreaks to offer outbreak guidance, and aid when necessary.

P&I Mortality Surveillance Data

*Deaths due to COVID-19 may be classified as pneumonia deaths or influenza deaths (deaths due to “flu” or “flu-like illness”) in the absence of positive SARS-CoV-2 test results. Pneumonia and influenza (P&I) death data are obtained from death certificates of Texas residents whose underlying or contributing cause(s) of death is reported as pneumonia or influenza. P&I deaths are identified based on ICD-10 multiple cause of death codes. P&I deaths are based on ICD-10 pneumonia and influenza mortality codes.

One thousand six hundred and thirty-four (1634) P&I deaths have been reported in Texas during the 2022-2023 influenza season.

Table 8: Texas P&I Deaths Occurring October 2, 2022– December 10, 2022* by Age

Age Category (years)	Number of P&I Deaths ⁺	Mortality Rate (per 100,000)
0 - 4	<10	-
5 - 17	<10	-
18 - 49	113	0.82
50 - 64	255	4.85
65 +	1251	28.36
Overall	1634	5.24

*NOTE: Data are provisional and subject to change, errors, and duplicates

+ If the cell count is less than 10, the number of P&I deaths is suppressed and <10 is written in the cell.

Table 9: Texas P&I Deaths Occurring October 2, 2022– December 10, 2022* by Health Service Region (HSR)

HSR	Number of P&I Deaths ⁺	Mortality Rate (per 100,000)
1	73	7.60
2/3	456	5.17
4/5N	125	8.04
6/5S	382	4.41
7	183	5.18
8	164	3.88
9/10	101	9.67
11	150	6.31
Unknown	-	-
Overall	1634	5.24

*NOTE: Data are provisional and subject to change, errors, and duplicates

+ If the cell count is less than 10, the number of P&I deaths is suppressed and <10 is written in the cell.

Influenza-Associated Pediatric Mortality

No mortality has been reported for week 49.

Five pediatric mortalities have been reported in Texas during the 2022-2023 influenza season.

Cases of influenza-associated pediatric mortality (children <18 years of age) are reportable year-round by law in Texas.

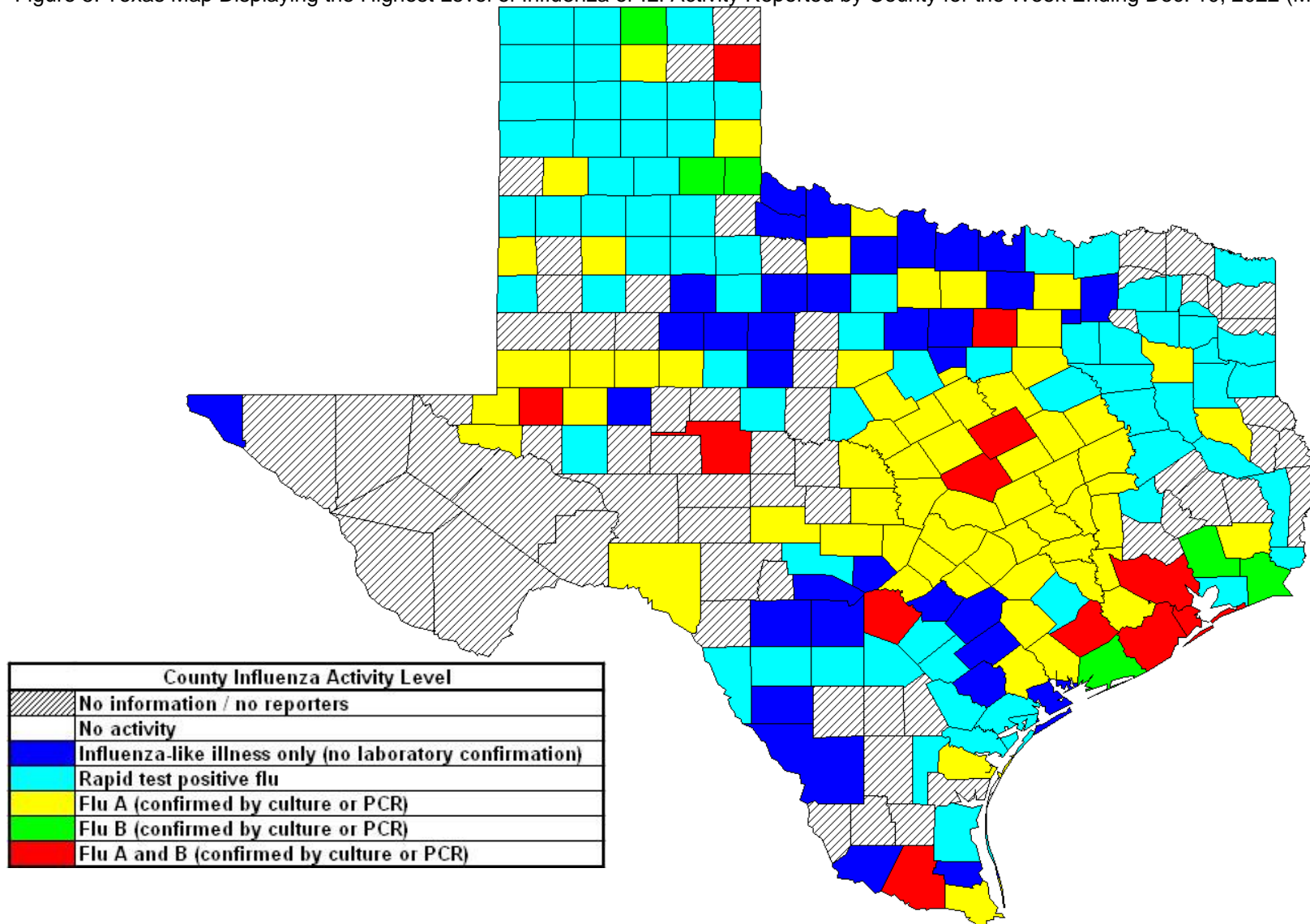
Table 10: Influenza-Associated Pediatric Deaths Reported in Texas during the 2022-2023 Season

Month of Pediatric Death	Influenza A (H1N1)	Influenza A (H3N2)	Influenza A (Not Subtyped)	Influenza B	Influenza, Not Typed / Not Differentiated	Influenza virus co-infection: A (not subtyped) and B	Total, All Influenza Types / Subtypes
2022							
October	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
November	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
December	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Total*	0	4	1	0	0	0	5

*Total count of typed cases may be adjusted as lab testing and case investigation is completed, this does not alter total count of all cases (final column).

Statewide Influenza Activity Map

Figure 5: Texas Map Displaying the Highest Level of Influenza or ILI Activity Reported by County for the Week Ending Dec. 10, 2022 (MMWR Week 49)



Please note: The majority of influenza cases are not reportable by law in Texas. This map contains data from sentinel sites and only displays influenza and ILI cases that were reported to public health. Positive laboratory results are reported according to specimen collection date, or date received in the laboratory if the former is unknown.

Texas Influenza Surveillance Components and Measures

Activity codes (see <http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/overview.htm>)

Statewide influenza activity level

A code reported weekly by states and territories to CDC indicating the geographic spread of influenza in the state. Levels are no activity, sporadic, local, regional, and widespread.

ILINet Activity Indicator

A statewide level of influenza-like illness intensity (on a scale of 1-10, with 1 being the lowest level) assigned to each state weekly by CDC based on data reported through ILINet.

Morbidity

Novel/variant influenza

Thorough investigations are performed on all cases of novel/variant influenza. *This condition is reportable by law in Texas.*

Texas ILINet

Providers voluntarily report weekly to CDC's ILINet system on the number of outpatient visits for ILI and total outpatient visits. Providers may submit up to 5 specimens per month for influenza testing. See <http://www.dshs.state.tx.us/idcu/disease/influenza/surveillance/ILINet/> for information on how to become an ILINet provider.

ILI activity

Non-ILINet providers report ILI or influenza data weekly to local or regional health departments.

Outbreaks

Healthcare, schools, childcare, and correctional facilities report ILI and influenza outbreaks to health departments in Texas. *This condition is reportable by law in Texas.*

Mortality

Pneumonia and Influenza (P&I) Mortality Surveillance

The DSHS Vital Statistics Unit collects death certificate information for all deaths on Texas residents from various partners such as funeral homes and local registrars around the state. The death certificates are then sent to the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) where the cause of death and underlying causes of death on the death certificates are coded with ICD-10 mortality codes. Once death certificates are coded, the information is sent back to DSHS Center for Health Statistics (CHS). CHS produces a Weekly Pneumonia and Influenza (P&I) Death Report and sends it to the State Influenza Surveillance Coordinator for inclusion in the Texas Weekly Flu Report. P&I deaths are identified based on ICD-10 multiple cause of death codes, and in particular, pneumonia and influenza mortality codes. Delays inherent in death reporting and coding practices may cause the number of reported P&I deaths to vary considerably each week.

Influenza-associated pediatric deaths

Deaths that are associated with influenza in children < 18 years of age are reported to health departments in Texas. *This condition is reportable by law in Texas.* <http://www.dshs.state.tx.us/idcu/disease/IAPM/>

Laboratory

DSHS Austin laboratory

Providers voluntarily submit specimens to the DSHS Austin laboratory for influenza PCR testing throughout the season. Providers sign up for this program through their local health departments.

Laboratory Response Network (LRN) laboratories

Providers voluntarily submit specimens to one of the 9 Texas LRNs for influenza PCR testing throughout the season. Providers sign up for this program through their local health departments.

NREVSS

Laboratories voluntarily report influenza and other respiratory virus data weekly through the CDC's online NREVSS reporting system. **Laboratories sign up for this program by contacting DSHS.** <http://www.cdc.gov/surveillance/nrevss/>

Recommended Resources

Texas Department of State Health Services

DSHS influenza page: <http://www.texasflu.org/>

Influenza surveillance data and reports: <http://www.dshs.state.tx.us/idcu/disease/influenza/surveillance/>

Map of Texas Health Service Regions: <http://www.dshs.state.tx.us/regions/state.shtm>

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

National FluView weekly flu report: <http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/>

Variant influenza viruses: <http://www.cdc.gov/flu/swineflu/variant.htm>

Avian influenza viruses: <http://www.cdc.gov/flu/avianflu/index.htm>

Swine influenza viruses: <http://www.cdc.gov/flu/swineflu/index.htm>

Infection Control in Healthcare Facilities: <http://www.cdc.gov/flu/professionals/infectioncontrol/>

Seasonal Flu Information for Schools and Childcare Providers: <http://www.cdc.gov/flu/school/index.htm>

World Health Organization

Influenza page: <http://www.who.int/topics/influenza/en/>

Disease Outbreak News: <http://www.who.int/csr/don/en/>