Texas Overdose Data to Action (TODA)

Reporting Drug Poisoning Events in Texas

This document identifies Texas drug poisoning reporting systems and how to report.

All listed systems are compliant with all applicable federal and state laws governing the protection of health-related information.

Each listed system varies by reporter and can be used to report Texas drug poisoning data.

TxCOPE: Texans Connecting Overdose Prevention Efforts

For: Community Members txcope.org

Data: General drug poisoning event information to advocate for community support, resources, and policy changes.

Reporters: Anyone can make an anonymous report.

How: Go to <u>txcope.org</u> and click "Report Overdose" or log in through your organization. You may also download the TxCOPE app.

Requirements: No additional reporting requirements.

CSORS: Controlled Substance Overdose Reporting System

For: Health Care Providers or Hospitals odreport.dshs.texas.gov

Data: Penalty Group 1 drug poisonings.

Reporters: Approved reporters who attend, treat, or are requested to treat a Penalty Group 1 drug poisoning.

How: Go to <u>odreport.dshs.texas.gov</u>. After reading the introduction to CSORS, click on "Next" at the bottom of the screen and fill out the reporting fields.

Requirements: Health care providers or anyone treating a Penalty Group 1 drug overdose must report to the Texas Department of State Health Services immediately per <u>Texas Health and Safety</u> <u>Code, Chapter 161.042</u>.

ODMAP: Overdose Detection Mapping Application Program

For: First Responders <u>odmap.org</u>

Data: Drug poisoning data across jurisdictions to identify spikes and clusters of suspected drug poisoning events.

Reporters: First responders may voluntarily submit. Interested agencies can request reporting access. Interested/eligible agencies need approval to participate.

How: Request access by visiting <u>odmap.org/AgencyAccess/RequestForm</u> and submitting a request.

Requirements: Data is controlled, unclassified information and may only be released to authorized personnel. Agencies are encouraged to report within 24 hours.

TxS2: Texas Syndromic Surveillance

For: Emergency Departments and Urgent Care Clinics dshs.texas.gov/texas-syndromic-surveillance-txs2

Data: Broad syndromic individual patient data categories for infections and diseases reviewed by state and local health authorities.

Reporters: Registered and free-standing emergency departments, urgent care clinics, and medical professionals working at those facilities.

How: Email syndromic.surveillance@dshs.texas.gov to request an account and learn how to create a reporting account through the onboarding process.

Requirements: Providers and local heath departments must sign a memorandum of understanding. Individuals must sign a user access agreement.

EMSTR: Emergency Medical Service and Trauma Registries

For: EMS Providers, Justices of the Peace, and Medical Examiners dshs.texas.gov/injury-prevention/ems-trauma-registries

Data: Trauma, submersion, traumatic brain injuries, and spinal cord injuries that meet the inclusion criteria.

Reporters: EMS providers, justices of the peace, medical examiners, physicians, hospitals, rehabilitation facilities, and third-party vendors.

How: Email <u>injury.web@dshs.texas.gov</u> to set up an account and use the online system for submitting reportable elements.

Requirements: Providers must submit within 90 calendar days of the event or discharge per Texas Health and Safety Code, Chapter 92 and Texas Administrative Code, Chapter 103.

THCIC: Texas Health Care Information Collection

For: Hospitals and Emergency Medical Centers dshs.texas.gov/texas-health-care-information-collection

Data: Hospital and emergency department discharge data.

Reporters: Hospitals, freestanding emergency medical centers, and ambulatory surgical centers.

How: Visit dshs.texas.gov/texas-health-care-information-collection to learn about facility reporting requirements and online training options for how to report through THCIC.

Requirements: All providers must submit quarterly reports per Texas Health and Safety Code Chapters 108 and 421 and Texas Administrative Code Title 25, Part 1.

For more information on TODA, visit:

dshs.texas.gov/injury-prevention/texas-overdose-data-action



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dshs.texas.gov/injury-prevention