

2017-18 Vaccine Conscientious Exemption Report

As Required by Texas Health and Safety Code Section 161.0041 and Texas Education Code Section 51.9192

December 2018

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1.Introduction

<u>Texas Health and Safety Code Section 161.0041</u> requires a person claiming an exemption from a required immunization based on reasons of conscience, including a religious belief, to complete an affidavit on a form provided by the Department of State Health Services (DSHS). DSHS is required to maintain a record of the total number of affidavit forms sent out and report that information to the Legislature each year.

<u>Texas Education Code Section 51.9192</u> requires DSHS to develop and implement a secure internet-based process to allow public junior college students to apply for an exemption from the bacterial meningitis (meningococcal) vaccination requirement for reasons of conscience. Each year, DSHS is required to report to the Legislature the number of exemptions applied for in the preceding year.

This report captures the total number of conscientious exemptions from required immunizations requested between September 1, 2017 and August 31, 2018.

2. Background

Vaccine Requirements in Texas

In order to attend child-care facilities, elementary and secondary schools, and institutions of higher education in Texas, students and children must receive ageappropriate vaccinations. High vaccination rates are important to protect the individuals who are vaccinated, those who are too young to be vaccinated, those who cannot be vaccinated due to medical reasons, and those who receive vaccines but do not develop adequate immunity. Table 1 below outlines Texas' vaccine requirements as defined by state statutes and rules. Specific vaccination requirements by age, institution, and field of study can be found in <u>25 Texas</u> <u>Administrative Code (TAC) §97.63</u>, <u>25 TAC §97.64</u>, and <u>19 TAC §21.613</u>.

Institution	Required Vaccinations	Corresponding Statutes/Rules		
Child-Care Facilities (Including Pre- Kindergarten Facilities)	Varies by Age	Human Resources Code §42.043 TAC Rule §97.63		
Elementary and Secondary Schools	Varies by Age	Texas Education Code §38.001 TAC Rule §97.63		
Institutions of Higher Education	Bacterial Meningitis	Texas Education Code §51.9192 TAC Rule §21.613		
Institutions of Higher Education	Institution-Specific Requirements	Texas Education Code §51.933		
Institutions of Higher Education (Students Enrolled in Human or Animal Health Professions)	Varies by Field of Study	Texas Education Code §51.933 TAC Rule §97.64		

Table 1. Vaccination Requirements for Child-Care Facilities, Elementary and
Secondary Schools, and Institutions of Higher Education

Conscientious Exemption Requests

In accordance with <u>Texas Health and Safety Code Section 161.0041</u>, Texas allows exemptions from vaccine requirements due to reasons of conscience, including religious beliefs. An adult student or a minor's parent or guardian seeking a conscientious exemption from one or more vaccine requirement must request an affidavit form from the Department of State Health Services (DSHS).

After processing the request, DSHS mails the affidavit form(s) to the requestor. The affidavit form must then be signed, notarized, and submitted by the requestor to the student's school or child's child-care facility. Affidavits are valid for two years from the date of notarization. As specified in the Health and Safety Code, DSHS may not maintain a record of the names of individuals who request an affidavit.

Additionally, in accordance with <u>Texas Education Code Section 51.9192(d-3)</u>, public junior college students, or their parent or guardian if they are a minor, may request an exemption from the bacterial meningitis vaccine through the DSHS-maintained <u>Exemption from Meningococcal Vaccination Requirements</u> online portal. The application must be completed online, printed, signed, and submitted to the institution's designated office for overseeing compliance with the vaccine requirement. The application form provides a statement informing applicants of the benefits and risks of receiving or not receiving the immunization.

3. Conscientious Exemption Affidavits Requested, Fiscal Year 2018

During fiscal year 2018, a total of 76,665 individuals requested a conscientious exemption from at least one vaccine requirement, representing an 18.8 percent increase over the previous fiscal year. Table 2 below shows steady increases over the past five fiscal years.

Table 2. Data on Requests Received for Conscientious Exemption Affidavits, FiscalYear 2014 – Fiscal Year 2018.1

Data Collected	Fiscal Year 2014	Fiscal Year 2015	Fiscal Year 2016	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2018
Number of Requests Received (May list more than one child)	29,888	30,048	31,598	38,527	45,762
Number of Individuals for Whom Affidavits Were Requested	46,795	48,472	52,195	64,530	76,665
Number of Affidavits Mailed (May request up to five per child)	113,959	119,505	130,248	160,976	188,883

¹ DSHS's fiscal year starts September 1 and extends through August 31 of the following year. For example, fiscal year 2014 began September 1, 2013 and ended August 31, 2014.

4. Bacterial Meningitis Conscientious Exemptions Requested, Fiscal Year 2018

During fiscal year 2018, the Department of State Health Services (DSHS) internetbased portal processed a total of 56,639 conscientious exemption requests from the bacterial meningitis vaccination for students at 50 public junior college systems. This represents a decrease of 1.7 percent from the previous fiscal year. Table 3 below shows the total number of conscientious exemptions processed each year since the internet-based exemption process started for public junior college students in fiscal year 2014.

Table 3. Number of Public Junior College Bacterial Meningitis Conscientious
Exemption Requests, Fiscal Year 2014 – Fiscal Year 2018

Data Collected	Fiscal	Fiscal	Fiscal	Fiscal	Fiscal
	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Number of Bacterial Meningitis Conscientious Exemptions Processed	46,906	57,192	56,643	57,644	56,639

5. Conclusion

Over the past five years, Texas has seen a steady rise in conscientious exemptions from vaccine requirements. In fiscal year 2018, 76,665 individuals requested a conscientious exemption affidavit, an 18.8 percent increase over fiscal year 2017, and a 63.8 percent increase since fiscal year 2014. In fiscal year 2018, 56,639 public junior college students requested a bacterial meningitis vaccination conscientious exemption, a 1.7 percent decrease from fiscal year 2017, and a 20.7 percent increase since fiscal year 2014.