

#### TEXAS Health and Human Services

Texas Department of State Health Services

# Health Workforce Supply and Demand Projections

Presentation to the Senate Committee on Health and Human Services Lisa Wyman, PhD Director, Center for Health Statistics, Texas Department of State Health Services August 23, 2022

# Physician Supply and Demand Projections

2020-2032



Texas Department of State Health Services

## **About the Projection Model**

- DSHS contracted with IHS Markit to develop state-level projections for physicians, nurses, and oral health providers
- Same model used by Health Resources and Services Administration, American Association of Medical Colleges, and other state-level workforce entities
- Comprised of two models
  - Health Care Workforce Supply Model
    - Uses a microsimulation approach that models likely career choices of providers based on what we know about them from licensure data, education data and other sources such as the American Community Survey
  - Healthcare Demand Model
    - Demand for health care services and providers based on population characteristics, health care use patterns, and staffing patterns
- Projections in the following slides were developed using data from 2015-2018 and do NOT include the impact of COVID-19 on the healthcare workforce

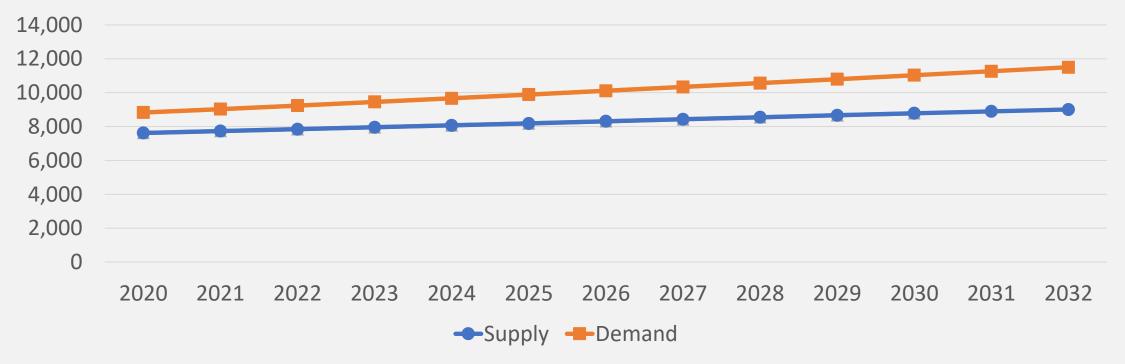
#### Physician Supply Trends, 2015-2021

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
All Direct Patient Care Physicians	49,122	50,948	52,550	54,233	55,358	56,765	57,693
Family Medicine	9,207	9,405	9,682	9,843	10,012	10,256	10,518
Pediatrics	3,870	4,015	4,106	4,231	4,296	4,367	4,399
Psychiatry	2,052	2,112	2,172	2,233	2,280	2,361	2,438

- The numbers in the table above represent the actual number of physicians practicing in Texas from 2015-2021
- Family medicine, pediatrics, and psychiatry represent just three specialties a direct patient care physician may practice
- These numbers come from the Texas Medical Board's licensure data that is submitted to the Health Professions Resource Center annually and then geocoded and reported

#### **Projections for Family Medicine Physician FTEs**

#### Supply of and Demand for Family Medicine Physician FTEs



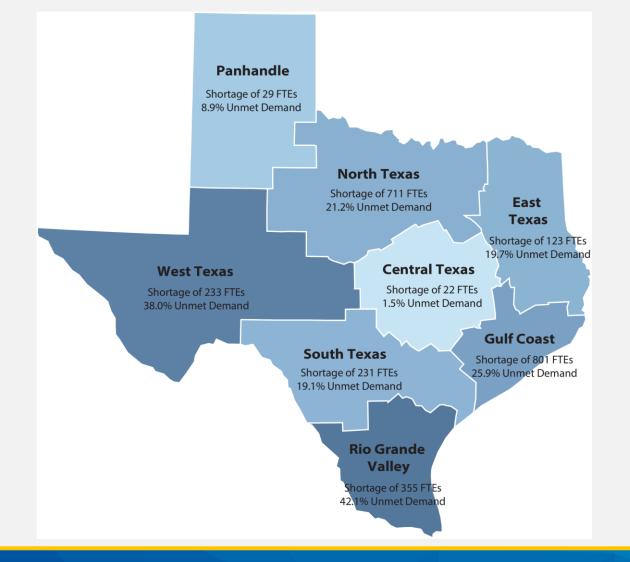
• Based on the projection models, demand for physicians practicing family medicine is projected to outpace supply every year, and the deficit is projected to grow from a shortage of 1,209 FTEs in 2020 to 2,495 FTEs in 2032.

#### **Projections for Family Medicine Physician FTEs**

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032
Supply	7,623	7,735	7,843	7,957	8,071	8,185	8,309	8,427	8,549	8,665	8,784	8,895	9,004
Demand	8,832	9,027	9,238	9,454	9,666	9,889	10,111	10,336	10,566	10,795	11,032	11,265	11,499
FTE Unmet Demand	1,209	1,292	1,395	1,497	1,595	1,704	1,802	1,909	2,017	2,130	2,248	2,370	2,495
% Unmet Demand	13.7%	14.3%	15.1%	15.8%	16.5%	17.2%	17.8%	18.5%	19.1%	19.7%	20.4%	21.0%	21.7%

Source: Texas Health Data - https://healthdata.dshs.texas.gov/dashboard/health-care-workforce/workforce-supply-and-demand-projections

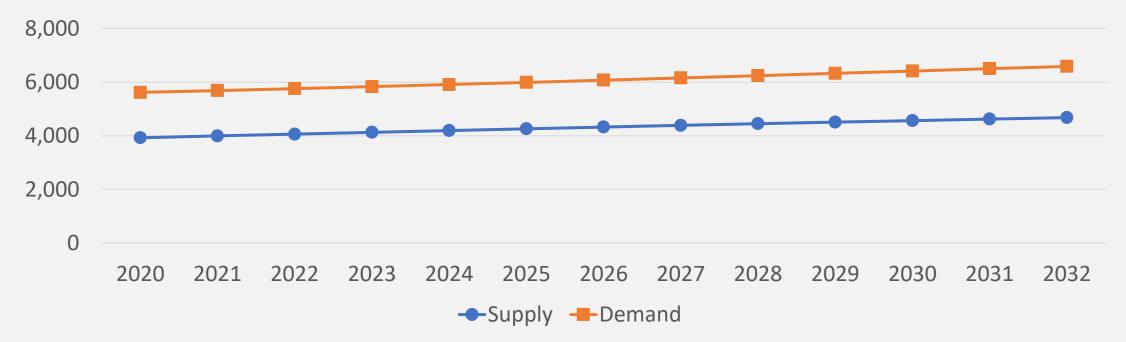
#### Unmet Demand of Family Medicine Physician FTEs by Region, 2032



- Unmet demand for Family Medicine Physician FTEs in 2032
- As unmet demand increases, the colors of the region darken
- The Rio Grande Valley is projected to have the greatest percentage of demand unmet at 42.1% representing 355 FTEs
- The greatest absolute shortage of FTEs will be in the Gulf Coast region at 801 FTEs representing 25.9% demand

#### **Projections for Pediatrician FTEs**

#### Supply of and Demand for Pediatrician FTEs

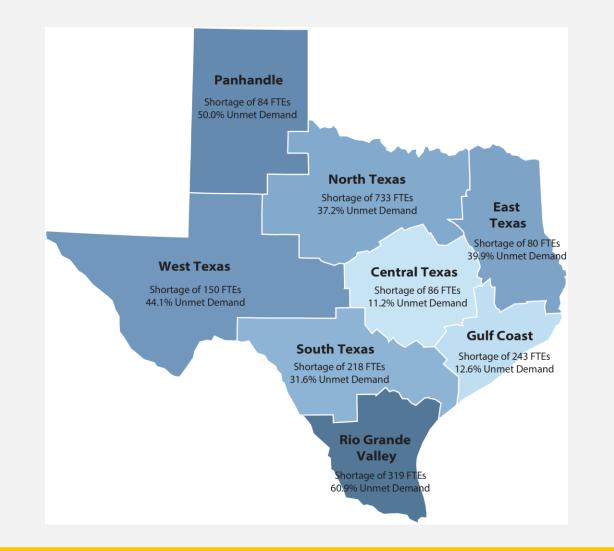


• Based on the projection models, demand for physicians practicing pediatric medicine is projected to outpace supply every year, and the deficit is projected to grow from a shortage of 1,695 FTEs in 2020 to 1,912 FTEs in 2032.

#### **Projections for Pediatrician FTEs**

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032
Supply	3,923	3,991	4,059	4,126	4,191	4,257	4,323	4,387	4,449	4,506	4,564	4,621	4,675
Demand	5,618	5,686	5,758	5,831	5,908	5,989	6,073	6,157	6,242	6,328	6,415	6,502	6,588
FTE Unmet Demand	1,695	1,695	1,698	1,706	1,717	1,731	1,750	1,770	1,793	1,822	1,850	1,881	1,912
% Unmet Demand	30.2%	29.8%	29.5%	29.2%	29.1%	28.9%	28.8%	28.8%	28.7%	28.8%	28.8%	28.9%	29.0%

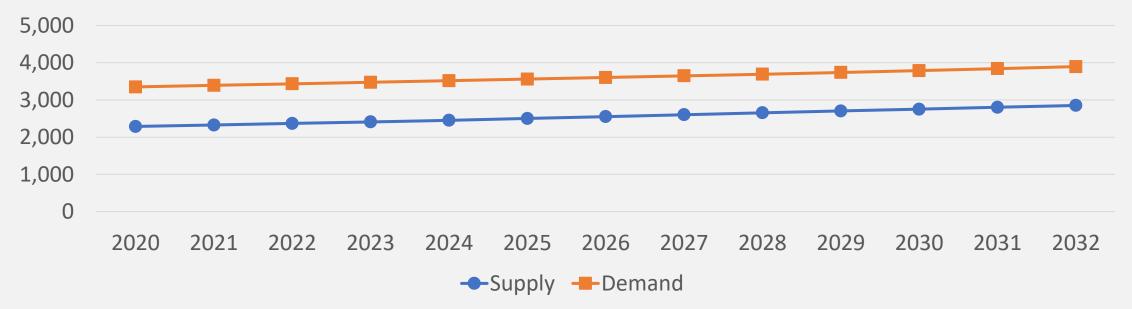
# Unmet Demand of Pediatrician FTEs by Region, 2032



- Unmet demand for Pediatrician FTEs in 2032
- As unmet demand increases, the colors of the region darken
- The Rio Grande Valley is projected to have the greatest percentage of demand unmet at 60.9% representing 319 FTEs
- The greatest absolute shortage of FTEs will be in the North Texas region at 733 FTEs representing 37.2% demand

#### **Projections for Psychiatrist FTEs**

#### Supply of and Demand for Psychiatrist FTEs



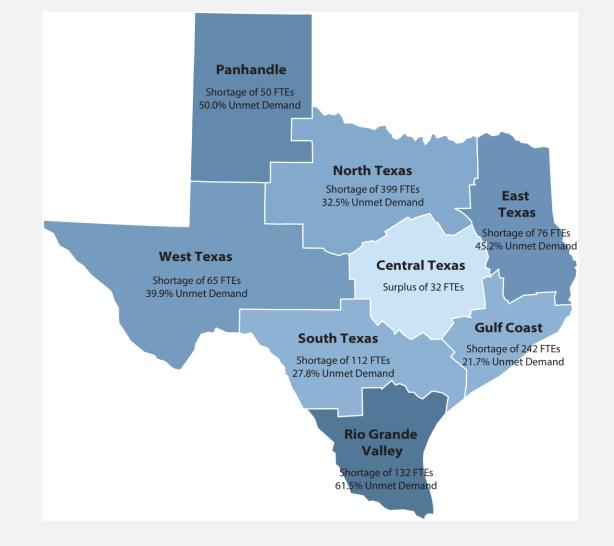
 Based on the projection models, demand for physicians practicing psychiatric medicine is projected to outpace supply every year, and the deficit is projected to decrease slightly from a shortage of 1,062 FTEs in 2020 to 1,043 FTEs by 2032.

Source: Texas Health Data - https://healthdata.dshs.texas.gov/dashboard/health-care-workforce/workforce-supply-and-demand-projections

#### **Projections for Psychiatrist FTEs**

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032
Supply	2,287	2,327	2,369	2,411	2,454	2,503	2,552	2,604	2,655	2,704	2,752	2,803	2,852
Demand	3,349	3,391	3,432	3,474	3,516	3,559	3,603	3,647	3,691	3,738	3,788	3,841	3,895
FTE Unmet Demand	1,062	1,064	1,063	1,063	1,063	1,057	1,050	1,043	1,037	1,034	1,036	1,038	1,043
% Unmet Demand	31.7%	31.4%	31.0%	30.6%	30.2%	29.7%	29.2%	28.6%	28.1%	27.7%	27.3%	27.0%	26.8%

#### Unmet Demand of Psychiatrist FTEs by Region, 2032



- Unmet demand for Psychiatrist FTEs in 2032
- As unmet demand increases, the colors of the region darken
- The Rio Grande Valley is projected to have the greatest percentage of demand unmet at 61.5% representing 132 FTEs
- The greatest absolute shortage of FTEs will be in the North Texas region at 399 FTEs representing 32.5% demand
- Central Texas is projected to have a surplus of psychiatrists

#### **Texas Physician Pipeline Model**

- The Physician Supply and Demand Projections report released in May 2022 was based on a tool that focuses on the impact of changes in the number of Undergraduate Medical Education (UME) and Graduate Medical Education (GME) spaces and the projected number of physicians that will practice in the state.
- Between 2000 and 2019
  - 49.4% of Texas UME graduates remained in Texas for their GME
  - 58.9% of physicians who completed their GME in Texas stayed in state to practice after their residency

#### Texas Physician Pipeline Model – Annual Increase to Close Gap

Specialty	2032 Supply (FTEs)	2032 Demand (FTEs)	2032 Deficit (FTEs)	2032 Percent Demand Met	Additional GME Residency Slots Each Year Over Previous Year to Meet Demand
Family Medicine	9,004	11,499	2,495	78.3%	61
Pediatrics	4,675	6,588	1,913*	71.0%	55
Psychiatry	2,852	3,895	1,043	73.2%	31

 The table below shows the projected supply and demand for physicians specializing in family medicine, pediatrics, and psychiatry in 2032, the projected percent of demand met, as well as the additional number of GME slots that would need to be added EACH year from 2023 through 2032 to <u>close</u> the supply and demand gap by 2032.

\* Note – Not an exact match to supply projection figure and table in slides 8 and 9 due to rounding differences

Source: https://www.dshs.texas.gov/legislative/2022-Reports/Physician-Supply-and-Demand-Projections-2021-2032.pdf

#### Texas Physician Pipeline Model – 10% Scenario

Specialty	2032 Supply (FTEs)	2032 Demand (FTEs)	2032 Deficit (FTEs)	10 Percent Increase per Year GME Resident Yield	Percent of Deficit Met by 10 Percent Increase
Family Medicine	9,004	11,499	2,495	1,758	70.4%
Pediatrics	4,675	6,588	1,913*	951	49.7%
Psychiatry	2,852	3,895	1,043	671	64.3%

 As alternative to the number of additional GME slots that would need to be added each year to close the supply and demand gap by 2032, this table how many additional physicians would be produced by increasing residency slots by 10% year-over-year for each of the three specialties and what percent of the deficit would be met by an annual 10% increase.

\* Note – Not an exact match to supply projection figure and table in slides 8 and 9 due to rounding differences

Source: https://www.dshs.texas.gov/legislative/2022-Reports/Physician-Supply-and-Demand-Projections-2021-2032.pdf

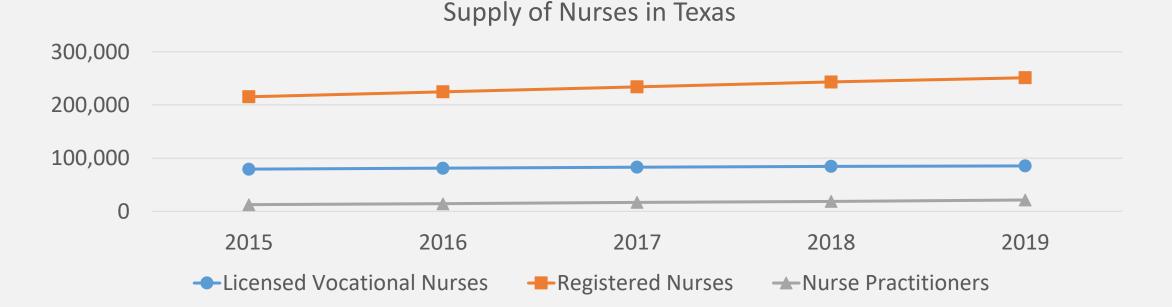
# Nurse Supply and Demand Projections

2020-2032



Texas Department of State Health Services

## Supply of Nurses, 2015-2019



- Supply numbers are based on counts of nurses with active licenses, working in a nursing position, in a Texas county
- Data obtained from the Texas Board of Nursing Licensure Renewal Files and then geocoded and filtered to "active, working in nursing, in Texas" by the Health Professions Resource Center and Texas Center for Nursing Workforce Studies
- More current files are expected from Board of Nursing this Fall

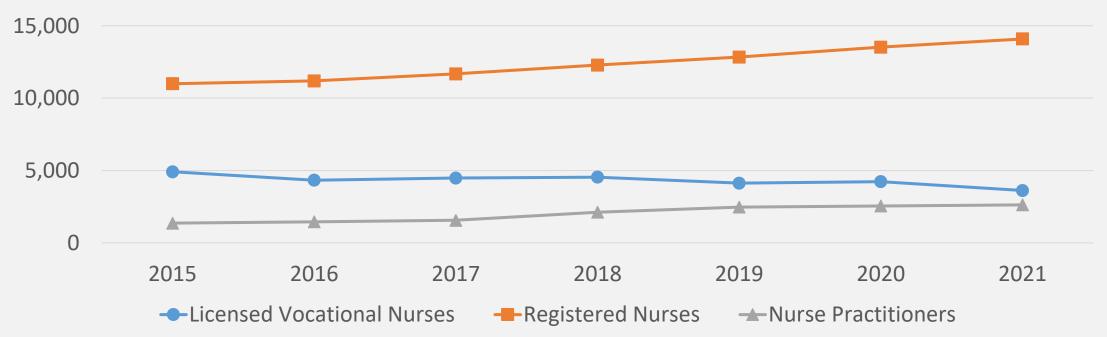
#### Supply of Nurses, 2015-2019

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Licensed Vocational Nurses	79,154	80,993	82,901	84,524	85,345
Registered Nurses	215,436	224,780	234,027	243,288	251,253
Nurse Practitioners	12,421	14,191	16,776	18,563	21,281

Source: Health Professions Resource Center – Supply Tables - https://www.dshs.texas.gov/chs/hprc/health.shtm

## **Nursing Graduation Trends**

Graduates from Nursing Education Programs



- Number of graduates as reported by vocational, professional, and graduate-level nursing education programs in annual Nursing Education Program Information Survey (NEPIS)
- Nursing programs continue to increase the number of RN and NP graduates while the number of LVN graduates is on the decline.

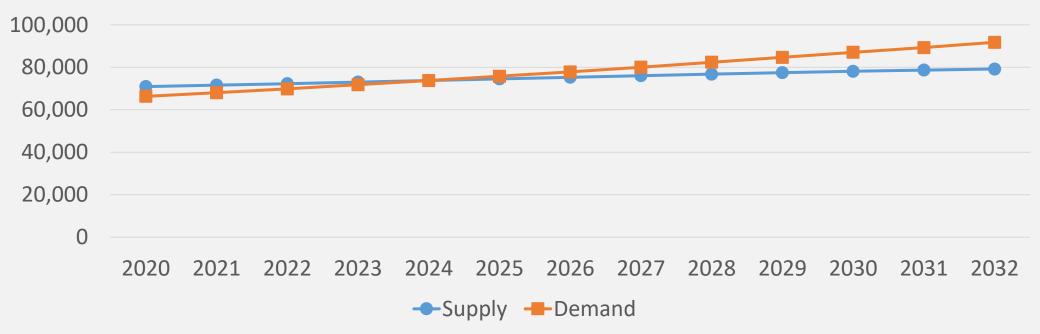
Source: Texas Center for Nursing Workforce Studies Education Reports - https://www.dshs.texas.gov/chs/cnws/Nursing-Education-Reports.aspx

#### **Nursing Graduation Trends**

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Licensed Vocational Nurses	4,909	4,331	4,477	4,539	4,123	4,229	3,618
Registered Nurses	10,999	11,189	11,677	12,284	12,839	13,525	14,096
Nurse Practitioners	1,364	1,454	1,561	2,121	2,472	2,552	2,629

#### Licensed Vocational Nurses Projections

Supply of and Demand for Licensed Vocational Nurse FTEs



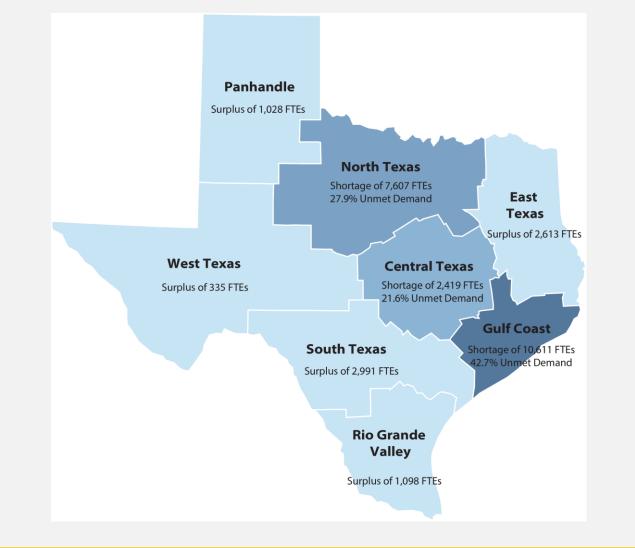
 Based on the projection models, demand for licensed vocational nurses is projected to outpace supply by 2025 and lead to a deficit of 12,572 FTEs by 2032.

#### **Licensed Vocational Nurse Projections**

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032
Supply	70,925	71,593	72,299	73,048	73,779	74,538	75,288	76,030	76,771	77,491	78,108	78,693	79,179
Demand	66,319	68,008	69,837	71,808	73,758	75,799	77,800	80,045	82,381	84,667	87,031	89,280	91,750
FTE Unmet Demand	-4,606	-3,586	-2,462	-1,240	-21	1,261	2,512	4,015	5,609	7,176	8,923	10,588	12,572
% Unmet Demand	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.7%	3.2%	5.0%	6.8%	8.5%	10.3%	11.9%	13.7%

Source: Texas Health Data - https://healthdata.dshs.texas.gov/dashboard/health-care-workforce/workforce-supply-and-demand-projections 24

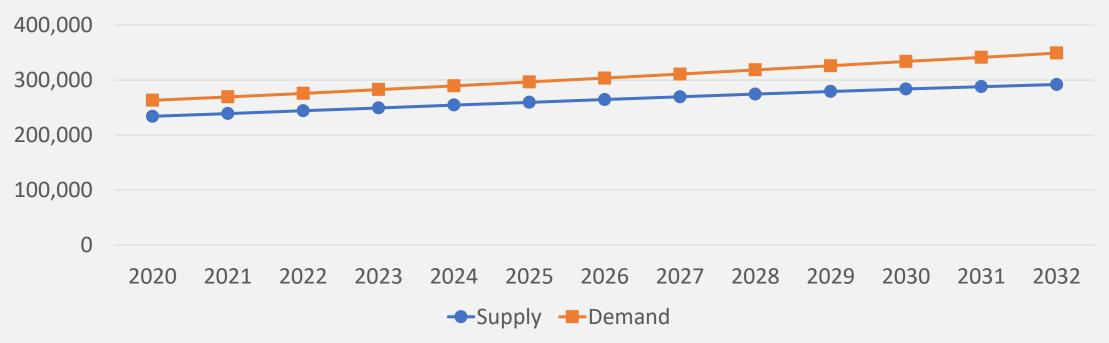
#### Unmet Demand of Vocational Nurse FTEs by Region, 2032



- Unmet demand for Vocational Nurse FTEs in 2032
- As unmet demand increases, the colors of the region darken
- North Texas, Central Texas, and the Gulf Coast are projected to have shortages of vocational nurses by 2032.
- The Gulf Coast region is projected to have the greatest shortage of 10,611 FTEs representing 42.7% of demand

### **Registered Nurse Projections**

#### Supply of and Demand for Registered Nurse FTEs



- Based on the projection models, demand for registered nurses is projected to outpace supply every year through 2032.
- The projected shortage of registered nurses is expected to increase from over 29,000 FTEs to 57,012 FTEs by 2032.

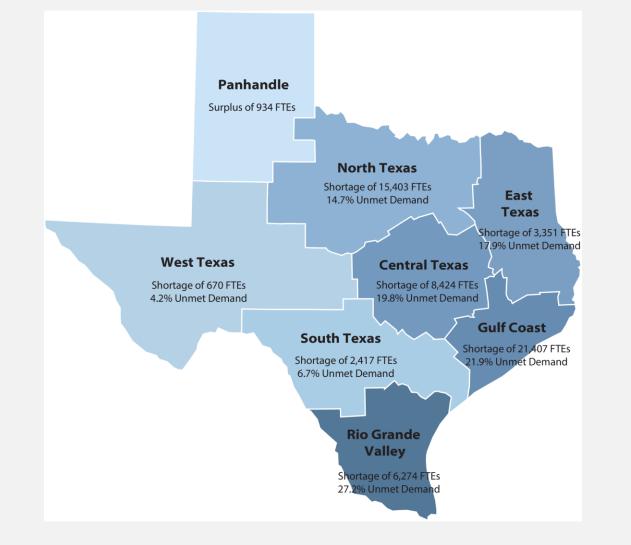
## **Registered Nurse Projections**

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032
Supply	233,968	239,007	244,127	249,240	254,379	259,451	264,491	269,462	274,349	279,096	283,656	287,925	291,872
Demand	263,133	269,197	275,713	282,580	289,352	296,416	303,363	310,755	318,375	325,860	333,602	341,086	348,883
FTE Unmet Demand	29,165	30,190	31,586	33,340	34,973	36,965	38,871	41,293	44,026	46,764	49 <i>,</i> 946	53,161	57,012
% Unmet Demand	11.1%	11.2%	11.5%	11.8%	12.1%	12.5%	12.8%	13.3%	13.8%	14.4%	15.0%	15.6%	16.3%

Source: Texas Health Data - https://healthdata.dshs.texas.gov/dashboard/health-care-workforce/workforce-supply-and-demand-projections

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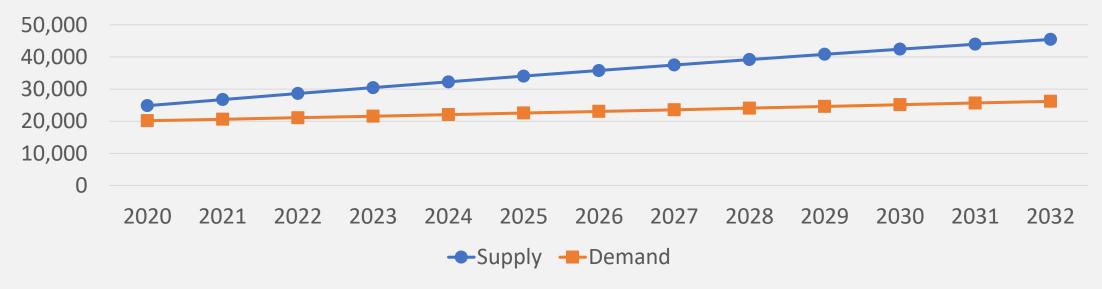
#### Unmet Demand of Registered Nurse FTEs by Region, 2032



- Unmet demand for Registered Nurse FTEs in 2032
- As unmet demand increases, the colors of the region darken
- The Rio Grande Valley is projected to have the greatest percentage of demand unmet at 27.2% representing 6,274 FTEs
- The greatest absolute shortage of FTEs is projected for Gulf Coast region at 21,407 FTEs representing 21.9% demand

#### **Nurse Practitioner Projections**

#### Supply of and Demand for Nurse Practitioner FTEs



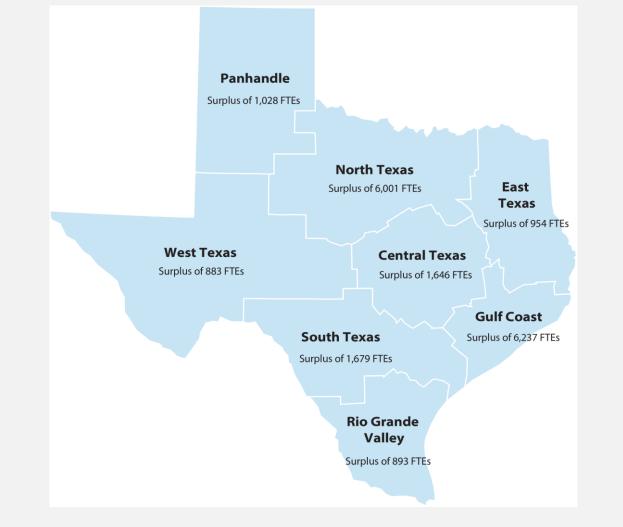
• Based on the projection models, the supply of nurse practitioners is projected to outpace demand every year through 2032, with the surplus growing from 4,676 to 19,271 FTEs by 2032.

#### **Nurse Practitioner Projections**

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032
Supply	24,854	26,750	28,620	30,455	32,250	34,034	35,781	37,491	39,175	40,827	42,417	43,974	45,462
Demand	20,178	20,616	21,087	21,574	22,055	22,558	23,055	23,565	24,086	24,604	25,139	25,664	26,191
Surplus	4,676	6,134	7,533	8,881	10,195	11,477	12,725	13,927	15,089	16,223	17,277	18,310	19,271

Source: Texas Health Data - https://healthdata.dshs.texas.gov/dashboard/health-care-workforce/workforce-supply-and-demand-projections

#### **Projected Surplus of Nurse Practitioner FTEs by Region, 2032**



 All regions are projected to have a surplus of Nurse Practitioners by 2032

# Impact of COVID-19 on the Healthcare Workforce



Texas Department of State Health Services

## **Impact of COVID-19**

- Limited data available on the impact of COVID-19 on healthcare workforce
  - Supply trends through 2021 indicate that growth in supply of physicians in Texas was already slowing pre-pandemic
  - The impact on the supply of nurses in Texas will be assessed upon availability of updated nurse licensure data
  - Nursing education data show increased faculty retirements and resignations in FY21 academic year
  - Nurse staffing data results will be published in October 2022 and address impact on COVID-19 on nurse staffing in hospitals, home health and hospice care agencies, long term care nursing facilities, and governmental public health agencies

# Thank you!