

Transition from I.V. to S.Q. Insulin Order Set

Eating Status NPO or PO

**GOALS:**

Fasting	100-140 mg/dL
2 hr postprandial	140-180
Before Meals	<140-180

INSULIN:

IV insulin	regular
Basal insulin	glargine, detemir (or NPH BID)
Prandial	aspart, glulisine, lispro, regular
Supplemental	aspart, glulisine, lispro, regular

1. Total Daily Dose (TDD) of S.Q. insulin equals I.V. units insulin used over the last 4 hours x 5

TDD = (_____ units used **over the last 4 hours**) X (5) = _____ units insulin

NOTE: If patient was using less than 1 unit insulin per hour, D/C basal insulin & use only supplemental insulin if T2 DM

2. Start S.Q. basal insulin 2 hours prior to discontinuing insulin drip

1st basal dose insulin = TDD = _____ units basal insulin

3. Daily insulin regimen (Start Basal-Bolus insulin regimen depending on route or number of meals per day)

	TDD	Prandial Insulin Dose Do not give prandial insulin dose if patient missing meal	Supplemental Dose (CBG = capillary blood glucose) (see #5, below)
NPO	100% TDD = _____ units basal insulin every 24 hours	None	Every 6 hours for CBG >140 mg/dL
1 meal per day	80% TDD = _____ units basal insulin every 24 hours	10% TDD = _____ units insulin before meal	Before meal and every 6 hours for CBG >140 mg/dL
2 meals per day	70% TDD = _____ units basal insulin every 24 hours	15% TDD = _____ units insulin before each meal	Before meals, and bedtime for CBG >140 mg/dL
3 meals per day	50% TDD = _____ units basal insulin every 24 hours	50% TDD ÷ 3 = _____ units before each meal	Before meals, and bedtime for CBG >140 mg/dL

4. Monitor capillary blood glucose ☐ before meals and bedtime ☐ 2 a.m. ☐ every 4 hours ☐ every 6 hours

5. Correction dose for preprandial or random hyperglycemia

Glucose mg/dL	High Insulin Sensitivity <40 units/day	Average Insulin Sensitivity 40-80 units/day	Low Insulin Sensitivity >80 units/day
	Units Insulin to Administer		
141-200	1	1	2
201-250	2	3	4
251-300	3	5	7
301-350	4	7	10
>350	5 & call attending	8 & call attending	12 & call attending

6. Titrate basal insulin each morning based on fasting glucose: Increase 2 units if glucose >140 mg/dL

Decrease 2 units if glucose <80 mg/dL

7. Titrate prandial insulin. Use same schedule as in #5, above

8. Recalculate new TDD every 1-2 days based on changes in basal and prandial insulin requirements

9. Remember, the ratio of basal to prandial insulin should be approximately 1:1